In today's Jordan Times...

Palestmian folk festival: Page 2 Palesiman ton assert Page 3 The master-slave sun: Page 4 Egypt, U.S. sign atom pact: Page 5 Kuwait to spend and Page 7.
Baseball strike talks stalled: Page 7. Kuwait to spend \$10.7 billion: Page 6 A second victory for China's Deng: Page



Today's Weather

It will be seasonal weather, with northerly moderate winds. In Aqaba winds will be northerly

	Overnight	Daytime
•	Low	High
Ammen	19	32
Aqaba	24	39 🔹
Deserts	20	35
Jordan Valley	23	39

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 36, Aqaba 40. Sunset tonight: 6:47 p.m. Sunrise tomorrow: 4:33 a.m.

ume 6, Number 1697

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY JULY 1, 1981 — SHABAN 29, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Zahle siege ends is Lebanese troops eplace Falangists

HLE, Lebanon, June 30 (R) — Lebanese urity forces today entered the shellvaged city of Zahle to end a three-month ge, but Syrian troops maintained their avily-armed presence outside.

attle-weary inhabitants threw flowers and rice as the red-bereted rity men, armed with U.S.-M-16 rifles, drove in with an arm-'ad escort to replace right-wing Falangist militiamen who had in fighting Syrian forces since early April.

he conflict, which also spread to Beirut and the central Lebanon lands, led to a major Middle East crisis between Syria and Israel, :h said it wanted to protect Lebanese Christians.

ive buses conveyed Falangist fighters out of the Bekaa Valley They were later handed over to their party under an agreement we ked out by Arab League mediators over the past few weeks of mittent bloodshed.

arts of Zahle, which has a predominantly Greek Catholic (Melthe producing town had been devastated. Military sources at least 30 per cent of the wine-producing town had been aged by shelling.

rian troops, backed by tanks, were still refusing to allow any

ians to enter Zahle. Military sources said it would probably be days before the main road through the town could be cleared for

ut a Reuters reporter was able to visit the northeastern sector of rity, where streets were deserted and the debris of battle littered

alls of houses and flats were pockmarked with builets and gaping s had been torn in buildings by rocket and artillery fire. Fallen rete and masonry were everywhere.

ectricity pylons had been toppled and burned-out cars stood te military sources said most of the damage had been inflicted on rerimeter of the town, 50 kilometres east of Beirut, but the centre

not gone unscathed. ne regional Lebanese commander, Brig. Butros Younis, later Reuters there were no more armed Falangists in Zahle, where es of people had been killed or injured during the long conflict. don't think there will be any more trouble in Zahle," Brig.

ie Syrians, who belong to the Arab Deterrent. Force (ADF), inued to man roadblocks around Zahle. re deal to raise the siege was reached after lengthy negotiations-

ving several Arab countries. implementation today boded well for further talks on ending

mon's chronic factional violence.

could also ease the way towards a peaceful resolution of the national crisis over the ground-to-air missiles which Syria insi near Zahle at the end of April after Israeli jets supporting the ngists shot down two Syrian helicopters in the area.

te peace agreement provided for the Lebanese unit to replace ngist militiamen who were not natives of the city.

joins about 150 local security soldiers who have been there

e security forces also brought out of Zahle a cache of medium ons, including a cannon, several 80-mm mortars and machine

DAN. The equipment was handed over to Syrian special forces.

The equipment was handed over to Syrian special forces.

The equipment was handed over to Syrian special forces.

10 Restat was not immediately known what had been done with the ngists' heavy weapons. But Beirut press reports said they would eposited under the care of the Greek Catholic archbishop of

> ne ADF, which has been policing a ceasefire in Lebanon for the five years under Arab League mandate, laid siege to Zahle on nds that the Falangists were improving a road linking the town to neartland of their territory.

he Syrians believed this would belp the Falangists bring in heavy 101. 4833 pment which could enable them to out the strategic Beirutascus highway. The Syrian government says the Falangists are ir

ene with Israel.

fter heavy shelling of Zahle, an agreement similar to the one emented today was drawn up on April 24.

he Israeli attack against the Syrian helicopters took place on il 28. The groundwork for today's moves was laid at a meeting in dah on June 23 and 24 of the Lebanese, Syrian, Saudi Arabian

on Klibi.

On Klibi.

Coording to Lebanese press reports, the details were completed weekend meeting in Damascus between the Saudi and Table assadors to Jakes.



Her Majesty Queen Noor at Tuesday's museum opening.

Queen Noor helps reopen costume and jewelry museum

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, June 30 — Her Majesty Queen Noor this evening opened the Jordan Popular Museum of Costume and Jewelry at the Roman amphitheatre downtown, and once again, after a year's closure for renovation, the museum was filled with an adm-

The fading evening light and strains of old Arabic music filtered in through the open doors while guests mingled with the models of traditional dress. Another atmospheric touch was the assortment of Arab pastries and soft drinks. Mr. Suhail Bisharat, director of the Jordan National Gallery,

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) — The

for Israeli aggression, most rec-

ently in the case of the air raid

summed up the evening: "It's a wonderful effort, yet all the work that has been put in has been made invisible. True professionals always make their job look easy. The display is marvellous, done by people who obviously know what they are doing, and is matched by up-to-date mechanisms and technology."

Mrs. Sadieh Tal, director, inspiration and driving power of the museum, was told by Mr. William J. Fulco, the annual professor of the American Centre of Oriental Research:

The Folklore Museum is arranged in a stunning fashion. In my opinion the artistry of the displays, especially the beautifully arranged light boxes that combine artifacts

Strong support for His Majesty

plant also were expressed in an

NCC statement issued in response

with exquisite use of fibres, local plants, stones and coral, and the marvellous stick-figures which model bedouin clothing, is unmatched by any other ethnological museum I have seen anywhere in the world. Here at the University of California, Berkeley, we have a fine anthropological museum, the Lowie, and it is my intention to suggest to the curator that he attempt some such displays as you have done."

The only people who might disagree with such praise are the staff members of the museum, whose hyper-critical eyes see the remaining loose ends--invisible to laymen's eyes-that must be tied together. (Related story on page 3)

Computers predict razor-thin margin for Israel's Labour

dings from trends among Israel's

Mr Smith's finding was not

based on official voting returns.

These were not yet available when

Israeli TV broadcast the pro-

jection as the polls closed at 10

Labour leaders welcomed the

Mr. Haim Bar-Lev, a top Lab-

He said the most important les-

son of the vote was that "there is

result but made no predictions

our official, said the nature of the

coalition "will become clear in the

coming days, maybe weeks."

about forming a coalition.

247,000 Arab voters.

TEL AVIV, June 30 (A.P.) The Labour Party under Mr. Shimon Peres narrowly outpolled Prime Minister Menachem Begin's Likud bloc by 48 or 49 seats to 47 in general elections today, an Israeli television projection said. Neither party was close to a majority in the 120-seat Kne-

The projection was based on votes dropped in 30 dummy ballot boxes placed in a cross-section of polling booths nationwide. Israeli

Mr. Hamoch Smith, the respected pollster who supervised the projection, called it "almost a tie."

ported by arms and abetted by the

U.S., can extend to every point in

NUL caus on the Arad Nation to

nscend its internal differences to

face the common threat which

could not have existed had the

Arabs not been deeply divided.

The NCC calls on the Arabs to

consolidate their ranks and mob-

ilize all their potentials to confront

countries to reconsider their rel-

ations with the United States in

the light of the continuous acts of

aggression on the Arab Nation by

the U.S. ally and puppet, Israel. It

calls on the Arab states to consider

the U.S. stands with relation to the

Arab World as the criterion det-

ermining the degree of their rel-

The council calls on nations fri-

endly to the Arab states to support

the Arab Nation effectively and

practically in its just and leg-

itimate struggle against Israeli

aggression and to supply the Arab

Nation and Iraq in particular with

technological and scientific means

for rebuilding the attacked nuc-

--The NCC appeals to the Arab

wake up from its slumber and tra-

the Arab World.

aggression.

ations with it.

Khomeini blames IRP bomb on leftists

was marred by an absence of fin- no majority in Israel" for retaining

spiritual leader, Ayatollah Ruhdreds of thousands of people.

tollah Mohammad Beheshti.

Emotions were high but g erally controlled although slogans chanted by the mourners gave a "final warning" to antigovernment and anti-clergy groups and Majlis (parliament) speaker hinted at a drive against so-

Referring to Sunday's huge bomb blast at the IRP headquarters here which killed Ayatollah Beheshti, four cabinet ministers and 27 Majlis deputies, the speaker, Hojatoleslam Hashemi

"After this dreadful crime, who can ask us to let them (counterrevolutionaries) carry out their

In a message to mourners read on state radio, Ayatollah Khomeini accused the Mujaheddine-Khalq (people's crusaders) Islamic-Marxist guerrilla group of . being hired by "superpowers" to carry out Sunday's bomb attack.

the mujaheddin by name because he does not consider them crusaders. Instead he described them as "blind people who claim they are crusaders for the people."

The official Pars news agency said specifically he was referring

ple, are the enemy of the people, are paying the way for the plunderers of the East and West," Ayatollah Khomeini said.

xander Haig yesterday denied that the United States had been involved in the Tehran bomb blast and cautioned against outside attempts to exploit the situation there.

Rejecting Iranian claims that U.S. agents were involved in the bombing, Mr. Haig said the United States had a policy of noninterference toward Iran's pol-

"I want to state categorically there was absolutely no American involvement...," Mr. Haig told reporters.

In another attack on revolutionary authority Pars today reported the assassination "by United States agents" of the gov-

emor of Tehran's main prison. A prison official told Reuters that Mr. Mohammad Kachou'i, governor of Evin Prison, the scene of many revolutionary trials and executions, had been shot six times yesterday afternoon by a

dismissed for having "bad mor-

not unrealistic" to expect another election this year.

a coalition with Likud.

all occupied Arab land as adv-

All signs pointed to a pro-

longed, nerve-wracking spell of

inter-party negotiations before

Israel could say who its next prime

Interior Minister Yosef Burg, a

leading figure in the National Rel-

igious Party which polled six seats

in the projection, said he favoured

He saw little prospect of joining

Labour, but added that with the

complex situation created, "it is

other people were arrested, a pri-

son official told Reuters. Some

were detained outside and some

inside the jail. He gave no further

not known. Many Iranians were

critical of a recent wave of exe-

cutions, mostly of leftists, after

street battles over the ousting of

President Abol Hassan Bani-

A host of mourners bearing

black flags, flowers and portraits

morning into the streets around

the Mailis building in central Teh-

ran where the victims of Sunday's

explosion were laid out in coffins

before being driven in a fleet of

Many women in all-enveloping

black chadors (robes) bottle-fed

babies as the men chanted, "If the

Imam (Khomeini) orders us, we

will offer ourselves as martyrs. We

give our final warning to our int-

A loud, rhythmic pounding fil-

led the streets as hundreds of tho-

usands of men thumped their hea-

rts with their right fists, chanting

'Hussein... Hussein." the name of

the historic third imam (leader) of

the Shi ite Muslim faith but also

one of Ayatollah Beheshti's

the graveyard men and women

piled into coaches, cars, and open

trucks and jammed every road to

the cemetery. Up to six people

clung to a single motorcycle in the

Located just south of Tehran

on the road to the holy city of

Qom. Bebesht-Zara is a spr-

awling, handsomely landscaped graveyard built in the late 1960s.

with wide avenues and separate

sections for "martyrs" and "tra-

ied, as always without the coffins

and wrapped only in white shr-

ouds, state radio said there were

many millions of people at the

The funeral was attended by the

remaining members of the cab-

inet, Majlis deputies and some

By the time the bodies were bur-

funeral procession.

When the ambulances left for

emal enemies."

names.

ambulances to the cemetery.

The motive for the killing was

ocated by Likud.

minister will be.

TEHRAN, June 30 (R) - Iran's als. The alleged assassin and six

ollah Khomeini, today accused leftist guerrillas of murdering 74 leading clergymen and politicians whose funeral in a dusty Tehran cemetery was watched by hun-

Mourners swarmed onto any transport they could find to Behesht -Zara Cemetery outside the capital for the burial of their leaders, including the chief justice and head of the powerful Islamic Republican Party (IRP), Aya-

called counter-revolutionaries.

Rafsanjani, told mourners:

activities?" A spokesman for the central

Komitch, Tehran's revolutionary police, told the Associated Press an undisclosed number of suspects had been arrested in connection with Sunday's bombing. He gave no further details.

As always, he did not mention

to the mujaheddin. "You, in the name of the peo-

U.S. Secretary of State Ale-

itical upheaval.

revolutionary guard who had been

Arafat, Khaled

military commanders.

confer

JEDDAH, June 30 (A.P.) - Mr. Yasser Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's executive committee. arrived in Taif today and was received by King Khaled at the summer palace, the Saudi Press Agency reported.

Mr. Arafat and the king were oined at their meeting by Crown Prince Fahd who is the deputy prime minister. Prince Abdullah who is the commander of the national guard, and Prince Sultan who is minister of defence and

against Iraq's nuclear reactor, and to Prime Minister Mudar Badran's called on the Arab World to "waddress to the NCC yesterday. Mr. Badran today briefed the ake up from its slumber" and reconsider its relations with Was-NCC's foreign affairs committee on Jordan's moves in the wake of

National Consultative Council King Hussein's stand on the rea-

(NCC) today said it "strongly ctor raid and pride in Irao's det-

Garret Fitzgerald, leader of the

prime minister of a new coalition government in the Dail, the lower house of the Irish Republic's par-

11 general election.

Iim Kemmy.

That was two more deputies

Although the house has 166 neighbouring Northern Ireland.

O'Connell was elected speaker. but he does not have a vote.

Neil Blaney, voted for Mr. Hau-

were Foreign Minister Marwan Al condemns" United States support ermination to rebuild its nuclear Uasem and NCC Ahmad Tarawneh. The following is the text of today's NCC statement:

the June 7 reactor attack, with the

aim of arriving at a unified Arab

stand. Also present at the meeting

--The council emphasises its

absolute support for His Majesty King Hussein's stand with regard to the Israeli raid on the Iraqi nuclear reactor. It also extends support for the government in its moves on the Arab front to rally support for Iraq, which is trying to regain its legitimate rights. -- The council strongly con-

demns the perfidious attack on the Iraqi reactor, considering it one more link in Israeli acts of aggression against Arab lands. The -attack was directed against an Arab scientific and technological centre with the aim of aborting the Arab Nation's attempts to acquire the means of modern progress.

the U.S. stand in support of the Israeli aggression, considering this stand as a pursuance of a planned Palestinian people in particular.

-The NCC considers the attack

(IRA) guerrillas elected in the June 11 poll are imprisoned in Independent legislator John

erick, former Fianna Fail member

Mr. Haughey's Fianna Fail Party won only 78 seats and failed to win the support of a handful of independents who hold the balance of power. Only one mav-

and carefully studied American attitude strengthening Israel and giving its blessing to Israel's con-

lear reactor.

Fitzgerald elected Irish prime minister DUBLIN, June 30 (A.P.) - Mr. left the new coalition one short of

Fine Gael Party, was today elected

He will head a minority government in the 166-seat house with the Labour Party, ending a cliffhanger battle for control of the Dail following an indecisive June

Mr. Fitzgerald, 54, polled 81 votes among the 164 legislators in the house--all 65 Fine Gael members, all 15 Labour lawmakers and one independent Socialist, Mr.

an overall 82-vote majority in the

seats, the effective membership was trimmed to 164 because two convicted Irish Republican Army

-The NCC strongly condemns

tinuous acts of aggression on the Arab Nation in general and the

-The NCC takes pride in Iraq's determination to rebuild its nuclear plant and develop its tec-

ghey today to give him a total of Minister Charles Haughey, but it 79. on the Iraqi reactor as a fresh hnological potential and calls on ddam and Syrian military officers. the other Arab states to help Iraq. proof that the Israeli arm, sup-Give Camp David a chance, Mitterrand tells EEC

d'Estaine, who was cool to American efforts.

IXEMBOURG, June 30 (R) - French sident Francois Mitterrand backed U.S. ce efforts in the Middle East today and rned that European leaders should be carl not to undercut the American search for

> itish and French officials said "differences of emphasis" on oaches to the Middle East emerged in backstage talks at a nit meeting of the 10-nation European Economic Community . 2). Sources quoted the Socialist president as saying the Common ter's own 12-nation-long Middle East initiative should not be ried as a "unique solution" to the area's problems, and that U.S. ts based on a step-by-step approach might be preferable.

: "I think it is more a matter of words than a matter of subher EEC officials also sought to minimise what they described as erence of nuance between the newly elected French leader and

itish Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher told a press conference

EC partners. (See related stories on pages 5 and 8)

ey said he cautioned against basing Common Market policy on a comprehensive settlement for the Middle East, and strthe importance of the U.S. sponsored peace effort based on the Mitterrand was reported to have told Mrs. Thatcher and other leaders at the two-day Luxembourg summit.

be better."

1 e president, electris seven weeks ago as France's first nonstate in 23 years, told reporters: "I don't intend to

se my partners but I ask for more clarity on the approach to

Officials said his endorsement of the Camp David peace approach contrasted with the practice of former president Valery Giscard

They said the differences surfaced in private talks between EEC

leaders last night and at a breakfast time meeting today between Mr. Mitterrand and Mrs. Thatcher. The Common Market today reaffirmed its Middle East initiative. In a formal statement, the summit said that EEC leaders instructed their foreign ministers to elaborate further the practical possibilities available to Europe to make an effective contribution towards a peace settlement in the Middle East" while maintaining contacts with

all parties concerned, including the United States. EEC sources said Mr. Mitterrand urged other leaders not to censure Israel for its raid on Iraq's French-built nuclear plant three weeks ago, but was overruled. The summit's final statement endorsed a unanimous U.N. Security Council vote against Israel.

British sources said Britain and other EEC members shared Mr.

Mitterrand's view that the European community should do nothing

that would impede the Camp David approach and that no final

solution was possible without U.S. help. "It is not our impression that the French position will be an obstacle in the coming period," a British official said. At Mr. Mitterrand's insistence, the EEC statement included only a

passing reference to the Community's Venice declaration of June 1980, which launched the European peace initiative. It said only that Common Market efforts for a solution should be "continued energetically and without respite," taking account of the results of two Middle East fact-finding missions by Common Market

officials, as "decided upon in Venice."

Christoph van der Klaauw, who carried out the last fact-finding Mrs. Thatcher said Mr. Mitterrand recognised that France had accepted the Venice declaration. "I do not think Mr. Mitterrand is

The statement took note of a report by Dutch Foreign Minister

going back on the Venice declaration." she said.

Britain's foreign secretary, Lord Carrington, who takes over the presidency of the Common Market tomorrow, will contact Israel's new government shortly to establish how the peace effort can be

The European initiative is likely to be discussed again when EEC foreign ministers meet in Britain in September, officials said.

What the EEC decided

LUXEMBOURG, June 30 (R) - Following is the text of the European summit conference's statement on the Middle East released today:

The European Council noted the report of the presidency as well

as Mr. (Christoph) van der Flaanw's (Dutch foreign minister) oral

comments on his contacts with the parties concerned with the Middle East conflict. It concluded that the efforts undertaken by the Ten to promote the conclusion of a peaceful settlement should be continued energetically and without respite, taking account of the results of the

missions decided upon in Venice. Accordingly, the European Council decided, on the basis of the results of the mission just completed by the president-in-office, to instruct ministers to elaborate further the practical possibilities available to Europe to make an effective contribution towards a comprehensive peace settlement in the Middle East, through internal reflection, appropriate contacts being maintained with all parties concerned, including the United States.

As regards the attack by the Israeli air force on the Iraqi nuclear plant on 7 June 1981 the European Council can only endorse the resolution adopted unanimously by the U.N. Security Council."

NATIONAL





Postcards issued by the Organisation of the Encyclopaedia of Palestinian Folklore on the occasion of Palestinian Folk Day.

Palestinian folk festival starts with crafts exhibition

By Suzanne Zu'mut-Black Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, June 30 — Three days of celebrations started in Amman today on the occasion of the first annual Palestinian Folklore Festival.

Celebrations began with the opening of an exhibition at the Ramallah Society Centre, including all kinds of indigenous Palestinian arts and crafts.

On display are traditional clothes and embroidery from all over Palestine. There are also all kinds of musical instruments, including the oud or lute, and the tabla, or Arabic drum. Some Palestinian jewelry and cooking utensils are shown, together with house furniture. Mother of pearl, wood and glass handicrafts as well as traditional agricultural tools are also

A Palestinian folk performance is scheduled for tomorrow evening (Wednesday), in which different groups and individuals will perform traditional Palestinian songs and dances and give poetry recitations. The singers include a

group which sings especially at weddings, and others who perform modern folk songs. The Baladuna group, from Ruseifeh, and Bank village also of that name, are also taking part. Individuals will play several

musical instruments including the tabla, the double wooden flute, the mijwiz and the simple onestringed instrument the rababa. Mr. Muhareb Muthyeb, a well known poet from the West Bank. will play the rababa and recite

Advertise by mail

in the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to

poetry.

are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in

cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently

1. Full payment in cash or check accompanies the adver-

2. The minunum charge for a single advertisement is JD 6

3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork

such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must

consist only of a headline and copy that will be typset by

4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or

telex, and guarantee: linsertions on specific dates can only

he assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach

the Jordan Times office at least two days before the

the Jordan Times.

required day of publication.

Annual occasion set

A press conference and seminar will end the celebrations on Thursday. At the press conference, to be held at the Writers' Association Centre at 4 p.m., a statement will be read by Sheikh Abdel Hamid Al Sa'ih, proclaiming the annual Palestinian Folk Day.

This will be followed by the seminar at 5 p.m., where a number of speakers will describe their individual experiences in helping to bring to life the Palestinian heritage. The speakers include Mr. Nimr Sarhan, Mr. Omar Al Sarisi, Ms. Lutfia Huwari, Mr. Nabil Algam, Mr. Ibrahim Qub'a, Mr. Ahmad Abu Arqoub and Ms.

Tama Naser. The idea for the annual Palestinian Folk Day came from the Organisation of the Encyclopaedia of Palestinian Folklore, which publishes the encyclopaedia and series of books associated with it, such as the Folklore for Children series and the Palestinian Folk Poetry Diwan.

The organisation was formed on

July 1, 1966, and it was suggested that the same day be used to inaugurate the annual Palestinian Folk Day. The organisation, established by Mr. Sarhan and the late Mr. Atif Sarhan in the West Bank town of Al Bireh, immediately started a search operation for the popular Palestinian heritage, starting with the Palestinian refugee camps in the West Bank, such as Dheishe, Jericho, Tou-

> ead to the Ramallah area. This, bowever, came to a halt with the June 1967 war. The search then turned to Palestinian refugee camps and gatherings in the East Bank of Jordan. It also partly covered Al Yarmouk camp in Damascus and several camps in Lebanon. Eleven years after the establishment of the organisation. the first issue of the encyclopaedia was published in Amman in 1977. and the fifth issue came out today to celebrate the institution of the annual Palestinian Folk Day.

lkarm and Hebron, and later spr-

Lebanese observance

In observance of the occasion the Palestinian Union of Writers and Journalists in Lebanon will join in the celebrations and hold several events in Beirut. These include a festival of Palestinian folklore, special programmes to be broadcast by the Voice of Palestine and the Voice of the Palestinian Revolution and the publishing of statements in the Lebanese and friendly foreign press.

The organisers of the celebrations are the encyclopaedia organisation itself and a preparatory committee of 17 members representing the Save Jerusalem Committee, the Writers' Association, the Women's Union, the Ramallah Society and several other organisations and charities.

CORRECTION

The telephone number of the San Rock Hotel was incorrectly reported in yesterday's Jordan Times Hotel Supplement. The correct number is 81,3800, not 81380 as reported.

off Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

Late bishop eulogised at memorial service

AMMAN. June 30 (Petra) - A memorial ceremony for late Monsignor Dr. Raouf Najjar eul-Roman Catholic Bishop Ni mah Al Sam'an was held today, the 40th day since his death, at Al Wasifiyah Centre Hall.

Many Jordanian personalities participated in the ceremony, at which several speeches and poems were presented by those who knew the late bishop. These included Anglican Bishop Elia Khouri poet and writer Husni Freiz, Mr. Suleiman Al Mashini, Mr. Daoud Kurdi, Mr. Adib Naffat and journalist Abdul Salam Al

The speakers lauded the character of the late bishop and his humanitarian and national actions, stemming from his sure understanding of the content of the spiritual mission with its social, educational, cultural and religious

responsibility.

The speakers affirmed that Jordan will never forget Bishop
Ni mah Al Sam'an for his noble and sincere stands for the sake of the causes of his country and nation, and will always be remembered as a knight in this country who devoted his life for the sake of high ideals, and died while preaching them in Jordan, the country he greatly loved.

The eulogy ceremony was preceded by a mass at the Roman Catholic diocesan church for the rest of Bishop Sam'an's soul. The mass was headed by Msgr. Najjar.



Ni mah Al Sam'an

Iraqi youth aide departs

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) — Iraqi Youth Minister Abdul Karim Mahmoud Hussein and his delegation left Amman this evening for home after participating in the meetings of the Arab youth and sports executive council.

The secretary general of the United Arab Emirates higher council for youth care, Mr. Sultan Al Sweidi, left on the same plane after participating in the meetings. They were seen off at the air-

port by Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'an Abu Nowar and several other Jordanian officials.

Government to pay more for local wheat

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) — Acting upon a recommendation by the ministers of agriculture and supply as well as the director general of the Jordan Cooperative Organisation, the cabinet today raised the price which the government should pay for Jordanian wheat to a maximum of JD 100 a tonne, while marking a minimum JD 85 a tonne.

The previously announced prices were a maximum of JD 90 a tonne and a minimum of JD 75 a tonne.

A Ministry of Agriculture source said that a special ministerial committee supervising the pur-chase of the wheat will start its work on July 11.

At the end of the ceremony.

ogised the late bishop and said that Amman Municipality has dec-

ided to name one of Amman's str-

eets after him in appreciation of

his great services to the country.

He also presented the thanks of

Roman Catholic Patriarch Yaq-

oub Baltriti and the thanks of the Sam'an family to those who par-

several officials, intellectuals, wri-

ters, media professionals, mem-

bers of the diplomatic corps and the heads of Christian den-

ominations in Jordan, as well as

Jordan to go

reconstruction

AMMAN, June 30 (J.T.) - The

Ministry of Transport is going

ahead with plans to implement the

Jordanian sector of the Hijaz Rai-

lway which would eventually link

Damascus, Amman and Medina, according to a report by Al Ra'i

It said the project entails the

construction of a full-scale track

connecting the three cities, the

purchase of trains and the con-

struction of installations along the line. The new line is required to

meet growing transport needs

among Saudi Arabia, Jordan and

Syria, and the expected growth in

trade among them in the future. The Jordanian sector of the railway, to be implemented during

the new five-year economic plan

(1981-1985) is expected to cost

JD 30 million, the paper said.

Aqaba show

to recount

the story of

Arab Revolt

AQABA, June 30 (Petra) - A

will be carried out by the Ministry

of Tourism and Antiquities at the

Hussein Ibn Ali museum in Aqaba

to relate the story of the Great

Arab Revolt, the ministry ann-

opposite side of the museum will

be developed for the banefit of

low-income families. The cost of

the project, to be implemented

within the new five-year economic

plan, is expected to reach JD

The Hussein Ibn Ali Museum,

opened at Aqaba two years ago,

houses the Arab leader's mem-

Amman bus

ends in Irbid

AMMAN, June 30 (J.T.) - A cit-

izen in Amman yesterday rep-

orted to police that his bus, which

had been parked in front of his house in Jabal Hussein, was mis-

Police patrol cars were alerted

and the bus was finally spotted

with two occupants, running on

the wrong side of the road in Irbid.

The bus was ordered to stop but

did not do so until it hit a traffic

seen running away from the bus

police ordered them to stop. They

failed to do so and police opened fire, wounding one, who is now

being treated in hospital. The

other hijacker was arrested and

found to be carrying a switchblade

The bus sustained some damage, according to the Irbid police

Six dunums of land planted with

trees were burnt in a fire that

broke out yesterday at Al Haraj

area, owned by the Ministry of

A Public Security Directorate

spokesman said the fire was started by vacationers in the region.

He said that at Umm Qais, fire

broke out on 200 dunums con-

taining at least 14 dunums planted

with wheat. There was no report

of the extent of damage. The fire was put out by Civil Defence men.

The Public Security added that

one person died and 14 others

were injured as a result of 16 road

accidents in Jordan in the past 24

who are still investigating.

Agriculture.

When the two hijackers were

island along Al Husan Street.

theft caper

It also said that the beach on the

ounced today.

190,000.

orabilia.

ahead with

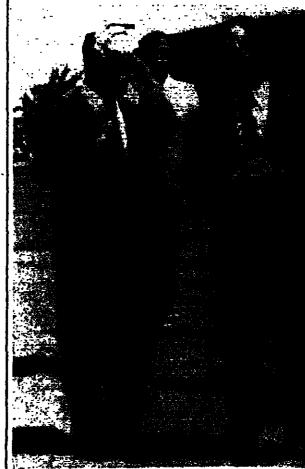
Hijaz RR

newspaper today.

ticipated in the ceremony. The ceremony was attended by

many citizens.

NATIONAL NEWS BRIE



Crown Prince Hassan chats with Chief of the Royal Court Al Lawzi before flying to London on Tuesday

Hassan, Sarvath leave for Londo

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Hassan and Her Highness Princess Sarvath left for Londo on a private visit which will last several days. They were set the airport by Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Law; Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, Court Minister Am romash and the Commander-in-Chief of the armed fo Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker as well as British ambassad

Army bands to perform in Istanbul,

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) - The Jordanian armed force will leave today for Istanbul to take part in the inten martial bands festival which will take place there from Juand in Paris from July 11-15. The Jordanian Armed Force will perform Jordanian music. The bands got a gold medal Bari cup in 1959.

Abdul Jaber invited to S.Kores

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) — Undersecretary of the Mir Labour Tayseer Abdul Jaber today received an invitatic the South Korean ministry of labour to visit South Korea talks with officials about affairs related to labour problem two countries. The South Korean ministry of labour prope visit to be on September 6, 1981. There are many thous Korean workers in Jordan.

Copper in Wadi Araba to be explo

AMMAN, June 30 (J.T.) - The Natural Resources Au announced today that it has completed consultation with ber of international firms specialising in the exploitation (erals to construct an experimental station for exploiting co the southern Wadi Araba region. Surveys conducted in if revealed the presence of at least 50 million tonnes of deposits in Wadi Araba.

Customs work times for Ramadan f

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) - Minister of finance and a Salem Masa deh today announced the time of work for all c and directorates of customs during Ramadan. He said that w the ministry is from 8.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m; at the Ammana centre, 8.30 a.m. to 2,00 p.m; and for the Aqaba customs t 8.00 a.m. to 1 p.m. The minister added that the directors Amman airport customs, Ramtha, H-4, Mudawarah, Imi Al Direh will determine the time of work for these centr

Unauthorised school books banne

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) - Minister of finance and on Salem Masa deh today generalised a communique to all cu centres to forbid any publication, directed to schools, to be: Jordan for educational reasons. He asked to confiscate books which are sold now in markets except those which car ministry's permission for publication.

Advocates stop work for 1 hour

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) — Advocates in Jordan today st working from 11 a.m. till 12 a.m. as a support for their ! advocates in Egypt whose freedom has been interfered up the regime there. President of the Jordan bar association eiman Al Hadidi distributed a communique in which he pa the bravery of the Egyptian advocates and their opposition regime of Anwar Sadat.

3 months in jail for bribery try

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) — A Jordanian citizen Kame layleh has been sentenced to three months in prison and a fi JD 10 by the military court for offering a bribe to a civil ser Twelve Jordanian merchants, including a pedlar and a engrocer, have been fined JD 40 each for violating Minist Supply regulations. The military governor today endorse

Central Bank currency assets go u

AMMAN, June 30 (Petra) - There are 19 commercial 5 operating in Jordan at present with 184 branches in various ions of the country, says a Central Bank bulletin released todi 'said that out of these, 11 banks are local, three belong to 0 Arab states and the remaining five are non-Arab. Another letin released today revealed that the Central Bank's curral assets in April 1981 registered an increase of JD 31.941 ml over figures in the previous month. The bank's assets in A were JD 643.035 million against JD 611.094 million in Ma

published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The ID 6 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost ID 12, three insertions cost ID 18, etc.

6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 8 for 40 words and JD 10 for 50 words.

an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads

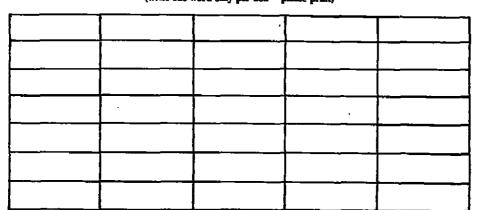
5. For the minimum price of 1D 6, the advertises will have

by mail on the following conditions:

7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the from below and mailing is with full payment in cash or check to:

Advertising Depart The Jordan Times, P.O.Box 6710,

(write one word only per box -- please print)



Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on -

Address:

Seminar

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

* An exhibition of Palestinian handicrafts, at the Ramallah Social

Society's headquarters, Interior Ministry Circle in Jabal-Hussein.

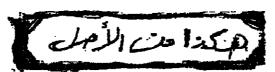
"City Reflections," displaying photographs of the City of London by Brian Wigginton, at the British Council in Jabal Ammarf.

* An exhibition of photographs of the American West by the

American photographer Ansel Adams, at the American Centre,

* Panel discussion of Palestinian heritage will be held at 5 p.m., at the Jordanian Writers' Association in Jabal Luweibdeh.

المكذا فان الأمل



AMMAN — Last night the Jordan Popular Museum of Costume and velry opened its doors once to the public, after more a year of closure while extive and difficult renovation

The renovation -- carried out by all-Iordanian team -- has ached two things in particular: t, the correct atmospheric conons for the preservation of the e delicate, often very old objts from a fascinating and fastppearing Arabic culture, and ond, a very professional coltion and display.

One woman with a specific viswas responsible for the oriual idea of opening a museum of stumes and jewelry, back in 971. That woman was Mrs. Sadh Tal, whom Mr. Ali Jabri (one the chief people responsible for renovation) describes as havan admiration for the culture d the values of the true Arab ay of life, so much of which she pibed from the noblest Arab ultures which she experienced rom many points of view. "Mrs al had always collected, objects om her Arabic past - dresses, prics, brasses, glass; and it was bjects like these, along with Jor-anism and Palestinian traditional es (hung not on waxwork odels but on molded wire so as ot to cause any distraction to the ress) that formed the backbone the Road f the early museum.

Two years ago it became apprent that the museum needed an p-to-date classification and doc-1 of Latentation system, and so began ne initial work that led up to the enovation just completed.

Both the people who have been istrumental with Mrs. Tal in accmplishing this Herculean task - tere involved right from the begming. Miss Muna Zaghloul, havig completed a year-long course in museum studies in England in 978, was recruited to help with ie new documentation system.

After this was completed, they imed their attention to the prervation of the crumbling fabrics id worm-caten wooden impments. Miss Zaghloul, well verd in this kind of technology, assned the responsibility while art-Ali Jabri concentrated on the

sign of the display. The way Mr. Jabri became invved is less conventional. While was in Jordan getting belp to range a Cairo exhibition, he came so completely involved th the museum that - turn to Cairo, where he was pectantly awaited. This ded-· ation is characteristic of all who ... ork in the museum.

Controlled conditions

In one short year, Miss Zagoul has succeeded in creating the tht atmospheric conditions for e proper preservation of the useum artefacts. The wooden eces have each been furnigated r three days and then covered th wax. The dresses have been ycleaned, and all are kept at the rrect 18 degrees C and 60 per nt humidity by careful airnditioning.

ts in a good, fresh state and do es not predispose them to cramg -- especially important for. ther. The lights are non-ultra olet so as to prevent fading of lours, and they emit a cool

In addition to dresses and jewy, the collection includes rugs of different shapes and functions. ugh primitive implements, coong utensils and even a model eep and some real camel dung. any of the pieces have been gifts esented to Mrs Tal for the musm. To mention just two of the ost spectacular, there are the gilt read worsted topcoats worn and esented by the sheikhas of the mi Sakhr tribe, and the huge glining ceremonial copper coffee t from Sheikh Faisal Ebn Jazi. If not donated, the rest of the jects are laboriously collected, brought by the bedowns the zives to the museum. Sommes they bring the things they ve found that were specially juested by the museum; sommes, just bags of old odds and is. It is certainly worth their ile - in 1972 they sold their ditional dresses for JD 7, today s for JD 250.
But as Mr. Jabri laments, they

not come as often as they used "Is it because we are not buyas much as before 'queries Mr. in (funds are running preusly low after the renovation), is it because the bottom of the l is running dry?".

Chilling if true. And quite pose, as one is always hearing sad s from grandparents of how y threw out that old Syrian st, that old Madaba rug. The ire for the new has generally vet been replaced by the conn for and appreciation of the , and by the time it is -- soming that will inevitably take æ -- perhaps it will be too laté. his is where the museum nes in - not only in preserving se things within its four walls. by preserving things outside

Meg Abu Hamdan begins a Jordan Times series on the museums of Jordan with a visit to the newly reopened Jordan Popular Mus-

eum of Costume and Jewelry, built into the Roman Amphitheatre in downtown Amman.

New face for a shrine to the Arab heritage



The ancient Roman structure's rooms create probably the best environment for the display of exemplars of a mature Arab culture.

that still exist; for as Miss Zagbloul says, "When people come to the museum they start to be interested," and this awakening interest may result in fewer things being thrown out.

Those metaphorical four walls of the museum, despite the obvious inherent difficulties of adding 20th century technology to Roman designs, create perhaps one of the most perfect environments for the exemplars of a mature culture. The centuries-old, hand-carved stone blocks rise in gravity-defying breadth and width to form the cool arched vaults and the walls of satisfying thickness. The age of the building could make the late 19th-century, early 20th century objects seem positively juvenile; but instead it imbibes them with a dignity, grandeur and air of antiquity no modern building could.

2 themes

Mr. Jabri bas divided the display roughly into two main themes: first "the sweemes of life attained within the bounds of a civilisation based on the agricultural trade," that is the life of settled urban Arabs from which come the more sophisticated objects; and second, the very primitive way of life out in the desert - real bedouin objects and basic tools, which are actually far from being primitive in design and robustne

Mr. Jabri feels that the whole of Arabic culture is based on the

Controlled conditions in the renovated museum protect the exhibits from deterioration.

symbiosis between man and beast the women dressed in black and the men in white, basically due to the black and white of the bedouin sheep: the route of the spice trade from the Yemen, based on the staying power of the camel; the list could go on. It is perhaps because of this idea that Mr. Jabri has included a wooden model of a sheep, wrapped in a real skin, in the collection, and plans to have a life size camel too.

With his animistic viewpoint. Mr. Jabri often came into conflict with the factual. He illustrates the point with the example of the dress from Ma an -- quite a beautiful piece made in stripes of red and green Heremsey silk in an elegant blouson style, with long silk tassels. Red is the predominant colour, and its continuity is maintained by the unusual coral red miflah (a scarf dropping in soft folds from the contours of the chin) of which there are one or two to be found, despite the fact that in Jordan the vast majority of these miflahs are black.

It has been said that the Ma'ani woman in the exhibition is incorrectly dressed, although more aesthetically pleasing, because of this red miffah. This may be so, but

the Ma'ani lady has been left as she was because as Mr. Jabri notes, nobody really knows exactly what is correct. Islamic culture did not work like that; there were no hard and fast rules, there was no tradition of passing objects down through the generations; there was a kind of anonymity, as nothing except the odd piece of silver was ever marked.

This amorphousness, while allowing a certain artistic licence. also works in the negative, because the anonymity made it impossible for anyone to know where all these rich traditions came from. The dates are extinct and so are the reasons, and that makes it all the easier for certain traditions to disappear without a trace.

On entering the museum one is gently guided inwards by two huge, rich, dark rugs hung from floor to ceiling. These are the geometrically-patterned wedding rugs that covered the camel. To the left the arched Roman vaults have been well lit to reveal black patches of charcoal from ancient torches. Here are housed Byzantine fifth-sixth century A.D. mosacis from Madaba and Jerash not strictly part of the museum, as

Antiquties but have been placed there, and are well loved by the

Genius

The first room is for the more primitive pieces -- inside displa cases are "cubistic mishmashes of desert crafts" like a hide cradel, rugs and leather bags, and most interesting of all, the rolls of black and white woven saha -- rugs that form the division between the men and the women in the tents. The rugs were woven by the women and the intricate central design. restricted as it is to black and white and to geometrical shapes, is never repeated in the piece's seven metres of length -- a testimony to their creative genius. This tradition is now completely

extinct. Standing sentinel over the door to the inner rooms are two models, one dressed in the robes made in the town that was considered to be the "Queen of Crafts" - Bethlehem -- and the other dressed in a Hebron robe.

The Bethlehem dress is a sophisticated piece with its stem stitch, floral design and gilt thread. These dresses were in the Arabic canon of crafts considered beautiful. The Hebron dress is less fine; but around the head sits incongruously the huge tiara of coins of Maria Theresa, empress of Austria. Being the purest source of silver, such coins were often used as they belong to the Department of the dowry. Both dresses, in com-



costumes in the museum are hung on faceless models so as not to distract from the costumery

mon with all the traditional dresses on display, show great taste, and a feeling for colour and des-

It has been said that the refinement of Bethlehem should not be juxtaposed with the countrified simplicity of the Hebron area, and that the East Bank Jordanian dresses should not be mixed with the delicate was the workmanship. were no such divisions -- the Arab World was a continuous belt, and thus to divide the pieces into different countries, into town and rural, would be imposing superficial modern restrictions. As it is. Mr. Jabri feels that perhaps there is a 20th-century imposition on the way the models are dressed, and he stresses the need for old photographs to show how the garments were actually worn.

The inner rooms are full of dis- when the Arab World was united. necessary.

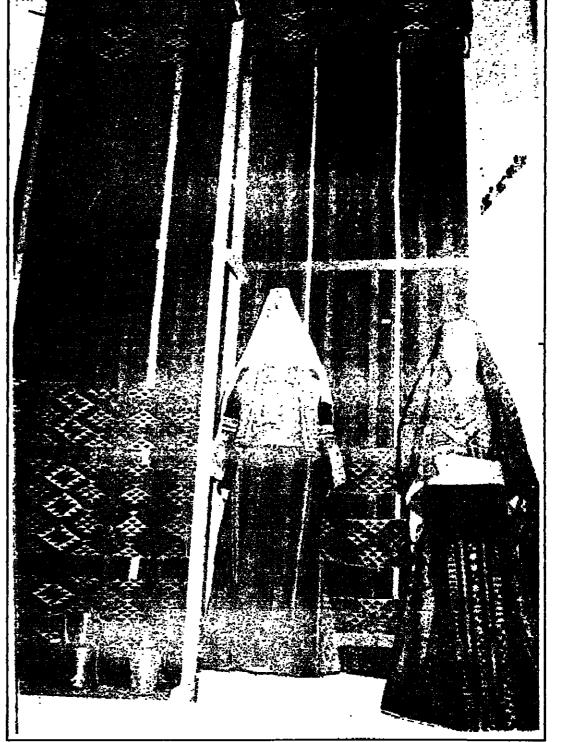
laid out like delicous sweetmeats on Syrian salvers of beaten copper, of bedouin stones -- every type and colour denoting a belief or remedy.

Oriental taste in jewelry tended towards the massive, but what was marital status. lelicate nieces ash and Salt.

models in traditional dress lurk ure generations of Jordanians. It is mysteriously; but all are dom- a task which may not at the preinated by the ancient purple vel-sent be appreciated as it should vet, highly embroidered Ottoman be; but one that time will show to robe which symbolised a time have been infinitely valuable and

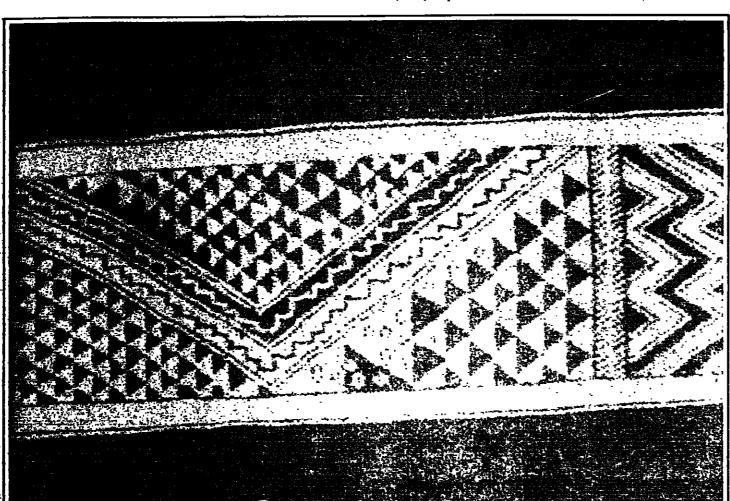
play cabinets of chunky silver jew- This fact is reinforced by the diselry, huge amber-bead necklaces play of more exotic headresses and jewelry from the farther reaches of the Arab World -- the Hijaz. Syria and Saudi Arabia. There are some local headresses too: one from Hebron which was for hire, while the others denoted

By the time of yesterday's opeare the "Niello" works, made hours a day, had put the finishing from high-quality silver that has touches to the display. It was the been incised to form a black des- culmination of over a year of amaign. These came from Karak, Jer- zing dedication and commitment to an ideal in which they all str-In a dark, rich red room with a ongly believe - the preservation wooden-beamed ceiling, more of Arabic culture for this and fut-

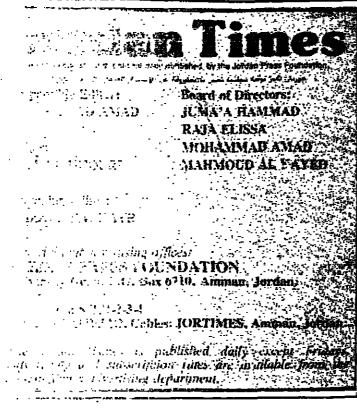


The elegant dresses are accompanied by everyday objects, geometrically-patterned hangings and the

brides' dowries of silver coins sewn into hea-



The geometric designs in the seven-metre 'Saha' are never repeated throughout its length. (Photos by Yousef Al 'Allan)



Silent voices...

THE ELECTIONS in Israel yesterday probably recerved more international attention, proportionate to the size and importance of Israel, than the elections of view other country in the world. What has remained anguestioned, however, is the pulse of the people of stael. Elections are usually vehicles by which an entexample can express its sentiments about issues of A fieling metional concern. That has not really hapthe learning the Israeli election campaign, at least towards the issue of Israeli relations with the Fall stintans and with the Arab World in general. The Labour Forty and the Likud bloc have tried to outbid each other in showing their affection for, and determination to hold on to, the occupied West Bank and

We have had precious little indication if the people of Israei, who claim to be in Palestine because of biblical right, will ever adhere to biblical injunction and distanto others as they would have others do unto them. There has been no indication whatsoever whether the people of Israel can ever live in the Middle Hast as one of many groups whose love for the land is month istaid by a commitment to human development, or whether they want to remain in Palestine as an econeoung analty basing its presence on superior milnumbered and a doctrine of racist superiority. We would have 10 ad to have heard voices during the israeli electoral campaign calling for coexistence with be received Palestine, in the land of Palestine, on the pasts of equal and reciprocal rights. We would have flore to have heard voices calling for reconciliation, do the and dialogue between Arab and Israeli. Insthe Lombing of southern Lebanon, the assassination that is a few Kinder and the intensification of Israeli set-Inneres. Can anyone blame us for being sceptical of harmonia in the second desire to live as a peaceful, a made ration?

THE PRESS COMMENTARY

at Particles was our whole people who condemned the U.S. agree one provides against the Arab Nation. This condemnation is or needed from behalf of our people by the National Conpharms CompatibleCO) yesterday.

the Arab political action regarding the transference to the last chapter. Nor do they or issued by the U.N. Security Council in this and the same of the end. This was expressed in the name of the . Jinister Mudar Badran.

1 so, is are proud of the determination and resolution of Treatment Suddam Hussein to rebuild the reactor and to minute in the with of exploring nuclear technology. Our people and any amind all the Arab brethren that they are involved this care to the the enemy, and that none of them is far from in regardless of the physical distance. Unity of action the best blevel is the indispensible means if the Arabs are to the analysis existence and posterity. This was also expressed clearly real frankly by the prime minister.

In the Left this, we say that Washington is now harvesting the

from convenient it has planted, in the hatred of the Arab people for is provided and their lack of confidence, as well as their sense of American healths to the Arabs' rights to regain their lands, liberate their holy places and keep pace with science and tec-brackety. He U.S. administration should not take this feeling

In the light of this also, we say that those who are slackening and time throat, fabricating fantasies have no place among us when you is to building inherent Arab power. The Arab people are the later batch going on around them, and will never forget any far. on the Arab ruler or regime, to shoulder the pan-Arab readquently, a unified Arab strategy has become an ine-

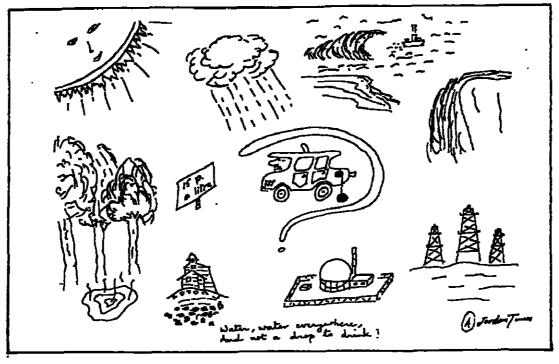
vit, vie result which cannot be postponed, and to reach which we common havitate, with all that it means in terms of unity of action and the building of Arab strength, as well as the unification of ands and rising above differences. $\mathbb{H} \oplus \operatorname{true}$ that the balance of power between the Arabs and the

is nell enemy is still not in our favour. However, the Arab will is being enhanced in its strength and firmness, in order to right this betaute. The signs are clear, in more than one place.

In Jost fan, this determination is represented by the courageous hardership of His Majesty King Hussein and the national cohesion both a new the sens of our family, and between the leadership and the people. It is manifested in fraternal Iraq under the leadership of President Suddam Hussein, and in the heroic struggle that one are is waging in defence of the eastern flank of the Arab Nation as well as its efforts to open the door of nuclear technology to the Archs,

The And future is a trust in Arab hands, because only Arab hand: min build that future, and the only place we can build the Anth intone is on Arab land. The statement made by the prime ministrative the NCC yesterday, and the discussions which took place on the GCC platform, are an appeal to build the Arab future. It is an appeal expressing the conscience of our people and all the Arab peoples.





Soviets look on as China mends fence with India

By Gene Kramer

NEW DELHI - The Soviet Union was an interested but absent party as its ally India and its adversary China agreed Sunday to improve relations and negotiate an end to their 20-year border

The opening to China, long discussed and long awaited, was a momentous step for India. Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and her associates were obviously concerned about disturbing Moscow, a major military and industrial

In advance of the weekend visit by Huang Hua, the Chinese vice premier and foreign minister, Mrs. Gandhi's government declared that revival of friendship with China would not be at the expense of any other country. Diplomatic sources said she stressed this privately to the Soviet Union. Recent reports from Peking

said the Chinese government realises it cannot woo India away from the Soviet Union because it cannot replace Soviet aid and exp-But the opening to China is expected to provide Mrs. Gandhi

with more room for manoeuvre in her relationship with Moscow, a relationship that thus far has restrained her from publicly condemning the Soviets by name for intervention in Afghanistan.

It is also expected to raise India's stock in the non-aligned movement. This has been damaged by India's recognition of the Heng Samrin government in Cambodia, which the Soviet Union and Vietnam support. Most non-aligned countries follow China's lead in recognising the Pol Pot government which the Vietnamese ousted.

Analysts here said China wants to strengthen ties with India because of its conflict with the Soviet Union and its concern over Soviet expansion in South Asia.

Mr. Huang's visit to New Delhi was part of a major diplomatic effort to strengthen Chinese relations throughout South Asia. After a visit Sunday to the Taj Mahal, he went to Sri Lanka and the Mawdives, two island republics in the Indian Ocean. Earlier Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang visited three neighbours of India --Pakistan, Bangladesh and Nepal.

Although a nuclear power, China no longer has the obvious military superiority along its 4000-kilometre frontier with India that it had in 1962. That was the year Chinese armies poured across the border and occupied 36,400 square kilometres of territory that India wants returned.

In 1962, China's conflict with the Soviet Union had just started and Peking could afford a war on its southern flank. Today the Chinese maintain only about 13 of their estimated 185 main-force divisions in the southern frontier. Most of the rest are on the Soviet

And the Indian army is much stronger today. Its troops on the Chinese border are a tough fighting force with "enough power to go against anything sitting across the line," said a western military expert. "There is no similarity" to the pre-1962 Indian forces, which were "a parade ground army," added the expert, who declined to be identified by name or country.

Que study by the International Peace Research Institute in Stockholm said Indian military technology is superior to that of the Chinese.

The Indian government, in a statement Sunday after Mr. Huang's final meeting with Mrs. Gandhi, said India and China differ on some regional and global issues, but they "agreed that these differences need not stand in the way of improving Indo-Sino relations." The statement did not mention the Soviet Union.

An Indian official said Mr. Huang and Indian Foreign Minister P.V.N. Rao agreed tentatively to open talks in Peking in "September of thereabouts" on the border dispute.

The Indian statement said the two governments would also organise cultural, scientific and economic exchanges and would periodically review "the progress achieved in the whole range of rel-

ASSOCIATED PRESS

SCIENCE & INDUSTRY

The master-slave sun

By Dr. Awn Rifai

EARLY MAN worshipped the sun, and so does contemporary man, although in a different sense. The sun that played the role of God, giving life and deciding destiny, is now playing the role of the role the role of slave, offering its resources in the service of mankind. Yet this image has changed only in the mind of man; in absolute terms, the sun has survived the barriers of time and space to remain, as it has ever been, both the master and the slave.

The sun is the centre of what we call our solar system. It keeps the earth in orbit, provides it with a reference for time and space, and bombards it with energy. Life forms on earth owe their very existence to the solar energy. Solar energy reverses the process of degradation of energy and matter and leads an evolutionary process transforming inorganic substances into organic matter, as depicted in the development of plants. Thanks to solar energy, man gets what his survival requires of light, heat, food, and a myriad luxuries, without which he would just perish.

The sun is roughly 150 million & kilometres away from earth. 1,500,000 kilometres across, and its mass is one third of a million times that of the earth. It rotates once every 28 days, and its surface temperature is 5,500 degrees Centigrade. It consists of element gases, and its energy is produced by nuclear reactions, such as the fusion of hydrogen nuclei, which releases energy in the form of light and heat. In order to investigate the sun more closely, scientists are taking advantage of its eclipse. when the moon lies between it and the earth.

Solar energy, which has been showered on this planet since its creation, is trapped in wood, coal, oil, gas, and other fossil fuels, and in geothermal, tidal, and wind power. However, these resources are either being depleted very rapidly, or becoming uneconomical to exploit. This is due to the population increase, the augmentation of the individual's ration for better standard of living, the industrialisation and mechanisation, and the dep-letion of the energy storing media, such as petroleum, in the chemical industry to produce detergents, synthetic fib-res and plastics. Hence, man has had to devise new means to make use of the solar energy directly. It is worth realising that the solar energy reaching the earth is only one thousand-millionth of the sun's output, that in two days this is the equivalent of all the reserves of the stored fuels known, and that the roof of the average house receives and waster many times more energy than comes in through the electrical wires.

The natural benefits of solar energy are numerous. Solar energy warms up animals and humans, grows plants and lights up the earth. It evaporates sea water and influences the rain, the wind, the rivers and the weather. It causes the photosynthesis reaction in which the plants convert water, carbon dioxide and inorganic materials into organic matter essential for plant survival. Solar energy can be harnessed indirectly by burning wood, coal, oil and gas to generate electricity. Wind energy. hydropower, microbiological conversion of plant materials into fuels and geothermal encrgy are all being tapped to release their stored energy. Solar energy can be used directly in solar cookers and furnaces, for melting high-temperature materials and for water and space heating, refrigeration and air conditioning. It can be exploited to dry agricultural and animal products, to grow plants in greenhouses and to make fertilisers. The algae culture can be easily and continuously grown on rooftops, and has been cultivated widely in Japan to supply food. Solar energy can also be used to provide fresh water by desalinating sea water, and to produce salts by evaporating sea water and to cause the bre-

akdown of water into hydrogen and oxygen, which are excellent fuels. The space advent has increased the interest in solar energy as a practical sonrce to power spacecraft and satellites, the energy being non-exhaustible and free, and the devices needed being light to carry on-board. Pho-tovoltaic devices, such as si-icon solar cells, convert sunlight impinging on their photosensitive surface directly intoelectricity, more efficiently than the best of steam or gas engines. They have no moving parts to wear out and do not require maintenance. Electricity generated in this manner can be utilised to power many kinds of electrical equipment, cars, beats, motors, engines, toys and telephones, especially in remote areas where electricity is not available.

There are no unavoidable serious hazards resulting from the use of solar energy, although there are some disadvantages. The weather and the radio propagation are aff-ected by the disturbances resulting from hot gases leaping outwards from the sun's surface in the form of solar prominences. A current setback in introducing some solar devices is that they are too costly to develop manufacture and install, despite the fact that, once operational, the running cost is minimal. The storage of the collected solar energy represents another problem to be solved by researchers in this

The sun is the major source of energy that is readily available for the take and cannot be monopolised by any one country. The applications of solar energy are suited for all nations irrespective of their degree of development. The Arab countries are blessed with an abundance of sunshine. and there is no reason why they should not dedicate more effort to make use of this vital resource in order to remain, a they have been for the past few decades, the energy hub of the

Attempt to bring two worlds together

WASHINGTON — The first participants in a new U.S. government programme designed to raise the level of mutual understanding between Americans and the Muslim world were welcomed to the United States, June

The distinguished group of seven includes high-ranking academic administrators from Pakistan and the Yemen Arab Republic, officials from the ministry of Information of Qatar and Saudi Arabia and editors from prominent dailies in Kuwait, Abu Dhabi and Morocco. During the next 30 days they will visit seven U.S. cities -Washington (D.C.) Detroit (Michigan), Houston (Texas), Lincoln (Nebraska), San Francisco (California), Los Angeles (California), and New York (New York) exchanging mutual perceptions with their American counterparts.

The project, under the auspices of the United States International Communication Agency is being handled by the visitors programme service of Meridian House, a non-profit, educational and

cultural exchange institute in Washington.

Visits to congressional offices on Capitol Hill
and to the State Department are on the group's Washington agenda. The group is also scheduled to meet with the president of the National Association of Arab Americans. Also featured during the Washington stay are visits to the Middle East Institute an. educational and cultural resource centre, and the Near East section of the U.S. library of Congress.

As they travel throughout the United States, meetings with American journalists will offer the opportunity to compare techniques and contrasting assumptions about the process of news communications. Contacts with Arab Americans,
- especially in Detroit, noted for its large Arab American population — will aid them in exploring the interaction of American and Middle Eastern

Encounters with students, scholars, and other American professionals will offer further glimpses of how Americans in a variety of roles conduct their lives and careers.

The first substantive part of the mutual perceptions programme was a panel discussion chaired by Micheal G. Nabti, Stanford University Middle East specialist, who will travel with the group. Mr. Nabti a Lebanese-born naturalised U.S. citizen has established a reputation as a scholar, educator and administrator with the Hoover institution of War, Revolution and Peace. He is known to audiences country-wide resulting from ten years spent as a regular panelist on the San Francisco-based "World Press in Review" programme telecast on PBS, the national publicsponsored educational television network. He is now director of the West Coast regional office of the League of Arab States in San Francisco.

As representatives of nations and cultures, "You have a mission," Mr. Nabti told the group, adding that they each also are charged with "A responsibility in the field of inquiry to find out what makes America tick." Noting that the sponsors will be very interested in the impressions and suggestions of these initial exchanges, Mr. Nabti said, "We're hoping to use this programme as a model, not only for the Middle East but also for other areas of the world."

The programme goals were outlined by Dr. Malcolm Peck, the programme director of the Middle East Institute, who worked with the visitor's programme service in mapping out the "Mutual Perceptions" project.

Nicholas S. Luddington, Jr. president of the Eisenhower Exchange Fellowships, Inc., a private organisation sponsoring international professional exchange projects in Philadelphia, reviewed American popular images of the Arabs and the Islamic World, highlighting the most serious impediments to good communication and understanding. American perceptions are transcending the list of stereotypes relating to oil wealth, fears of foreign investment, confusion of various Muslim nationalities, negative impressions of the treatment of women and general unfamiliarity, Mr. Luddington ended on an optimistic note.

"Americans do seem to be able to hold positive views of Arabs at least regarding personal characteristics," he said, citing a recent poll reported in the Middle East journal. Polled Americans had expressed positive views about Arab capacity to resist corruption, about the virtue of Arab women, about the closeness of Arab families and the way Arabs respect their elders. These social perceptions are "grounds for optimism" Mr. Luddington said, given an improved political and eco-nomic climate between the U.S. and the Arab

Drawing from his extensive experience lecturing to Americans on the Middle East, Dr. John Duke Anthony offered the participants a framework for responding to some of the notions reflecting in questions and preconceived ideas generally raised by audiences around the United States. Mr. Anthony, on the faculty of Johns Hopkins Foreign Policy Institute, is a noted specialist

Breaking the geo-strategic considerations down into five areas — global, inter-regional, regional, intra-regional and domestic — Mr. Anthony strategic — Mr. essed that one goal of the seven participants will be to make Americans more knowledgeable regarding subtleties in the Islamic World. This could range from discussions of unity as a constructive regional policy viewed from an Arab perspective, to a demystification of inter-regional affairs in the Middle East and South Asia, Mr. Anthony said.

He then proceeded to go over some of the issues regarding problems and prospects for the Islamic World that might offer stimulating fare for interactions with Americans throughout the country, given their varied levels of familiarity with the Islamic World. Presentation of such factors as nationalism, secularism and fundamentalism in human terms that Americans can readily identify with would help to clarify their Middle Eastern

role and "make American listeners less quick to jump to negative conclusions".

An American in the essentially agricultural state of Nebraska would no doubt be more responsive to the complexities of Middle Eastern oil policies were that commodity to be presented in terms of a developing country's needs for cash flow to cope with providing water or subsidising food production for its people, Mr. Anthony pointed out. The challenging areas of external relations, stability and security in the Middle East, he noted, can be dealt with in part by appealing to American conceptions of freedom and emphasising the global dimension of international interdependence.

In addressing the capacity for change in American attitudes, during the discussion Mr. Peck noted while "political and ideological level change is slow," in the realm of personal and psychological impressions, on the other hand "a lot is possible and sometimes rather dramatically so.

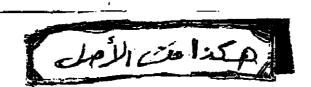
Regardless of what it may not have achieved, Mr. Peck said the "psychological achievement" of Camp David, which resulted in the selection of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat, the leader of an Arab nation, as Time's Man of the Year for 1979

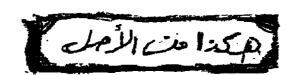
and resulted in polls that declared him more pop ular with U.S. citizens than many of their own political leaders "shows what is possible in term of change."

The seven participants in the first "mutual per ceptions" programme are: from Kuwait, Mr. Jas sem Mohammed Al Mutawa, editor in chief o "Al Watan," a daily newspaper; from Morocco Mr. Mohammed Nafaa, foreign affairs editor o "Al Anbaa," a Ministry of Information daily from Pakistan, Dr. Ahmad Mohiuddin, vice chancellor, Allama Iqbal Open University (Islamabad); from Qatar, Mr. Mubarak Nasir A Khalifa, chief of provisions secretariat of Arab Gulf ministers of information conference, ministry of information; from Saudi Arabia, Mr. Muhammad Fawzan Al Sabek, director general of programmes and follow-up Saudi Ministry of Information: from United Arab Emirates (Abu Dhabi), Mr. Ghassan Tahboub, news editor, Al Khaleej, Daily News; from Yemen Arab Republic, Dr. Yusuf Abdullah, vice dean, Faculty of Arts and vice dean, Faculty of Education, Sanza University. Arabic language escort interpreter for the group is Mr. Shawqi Talia. (U.S. ICA feature)

U.S. ICA Feature







Egypt, U.S. sign nuclear accord

ASHINGTON, June 30 (A.P.) - The United States and Egypt ned yesterday an agreement providing for U.S. cooperation in isting Egypt to develop peaceful uses of nuclear energy

The agreement was signed by U.S. Secretary of State of Alexander
Haig and Egypt's Minister of Electricity Maher Abaza. It autises Egypt to purchase nuclear power reactors of 1,0 megawatts h and low-grade uranium fuel. Reprocessing of spent fuel will be ried out in a mutually agreed third country.

Mr. Haig noted that Egypt signed the Nuclear-Non-Proliferation eaty last February, thereby providing assurances that it has no ention of developing a nuclear weapons capability. Egypt also has agreed to abide by the inspection procedures of the

ernational Atomic Energy Agency, Mr. Haig added. Speaking with reporters after a signing ceremony, Mr. Haig said ael has been kept abreast of the U.S.-Egyptian negotiations from the beginning and has raised to objections.

He said Israel was offered the same type of agreement with the United States in 1979 but has decided not to go along. Mr. Haig said he hopes the accord with Egypt will serve as a "model" which other countries will follow.

Under questioning from reporters, Mr. Abaza said Egypt has no intention of developing nuclear weapons. "We only need power reactors because we need energy for the next 20 years," he said.

A State Department statement praised Egypt's decision to sign the Non-Proliferation Treaty. "This is an important step toward controlling the dangers of the spread of nuclear weapons and serves the commitment to peace and stability in the Middle East and Africa under the courageous and statesman-like leadership of President

J.S. ex-negotiator at SALT

calls for nuclear- free zones

HINGTON, Jame 30 (R) ier U.S. arms control negor, Mr. Gerard Smith, has il the Reagan administration pport nuclear-free zones in in third World as a long-term nse to Israel's bombing of an

- nuclear reactor. 'transhe heart of the problem (of ar weapons proliferation) is a g of insecurity," Mr. Smith - press conference sponsored e arms control association.

said the Latin American ar-free zone established r the treaty of Thateloco had " promise" and the United should strongly support Isrand Pakistani proposals for ur zones in their regions.

. Smith said Israel was the t of the non-nuclear states to g a nuclear weapon, it it did ive one already. He said Pakwas second closest and Iraq n third place until the Israeli hree weeks ago.

. Smith, who was chief U.S. iator at the initial Strategic Limitation Talks (SALT) the Soviet Union, said prem of the spread of nuclear ns would facilitate fulfilling itments on arms control, and the pressure on (non-nuclear weapons countries) to develop weapons would be substantially less,

He said the Reagan administration had rejected the SALT treaty and there were two test ban treaties still waiting before the Senate for ratification. "It adds up to a less than hearty appetite for carrying out our commitments under the Non-Proliferation Treaty," be said.

He said nuclear weapons development could go only two ways in the Middle East: either Israel withdraws its capability to develop weapons as part of establishment of a nuclear free zone, or the Arabs will develop a nuclear weapon.

"There is no third way," he

Tremors shake Greek Islands

ATHENS, June 30 (R) - More than 80 earth tremors shook the Island of Zakinthos and the western coast of the Peloponnese during the last 24 hours but caused no casualties or damage, police rep-

The tremors caused panic in the Island of Zakinthos and many people spent the night in the open fearing stronger tremors. The island, together with other Ionian islands, suffered extensive damage and casualties from earthquakes in

Since the weekend nearly 200 tremors have rocked the area.

West Germany helped Pakistan build nuclear plant, magazine says

HAMBURG, West Germany, June 30 (A.P.) -Pakistan, with the help of West German experts, has built facilities for producing nearly pure uranium 235 a main ingredient in atomic bombs, Stern magazine reported today.

A Freiburg engineering firm signed contracts in March 1977 to supply plans and contract technical help in building the "secret" uranium enrichment plant near Multan in central Pakistan, Stern reported without naming the sources of its inf-

It said a test run was conducted and the plant was turned over to the Pakistanis in early 1980. The plant is capable of turning out 99 per cent pure uranium 235, a key ingredient in creating an atomic chain reaction, according to Stern.

Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi helped finance the project, and the uranium ore for processing was obtained from Niger, said Stern. The magazine published supply contracts and other documents purporting to support its claim.

The magazine said a number of West German firms acted as subcontractors in the project without knowing its true dimensions.

Assad: Israelis may still attack us

DAMASCUS, June 30 (R) -President Hafez Al Assad has said that Syrian forces would replace any of their antiaircraft missiles in Lebanon destroyed in an Israeli attack.

He also said Syria would hit back against Israeli targets. "If Israel hits a missile, we will replace it with another one," the Syrian leader said in an interview given to Hungarian television for broadcasting next week. Israel has threatened to attack the missiles which Syrian peace-keeping forces set up in east Lebanon two months ago after Israel shot down two Syrian belicopters then.

President Assad said Syria would use its aircraft against any Israeli planes which struck at the rockets and would use its ground forces to repel any land assault.

"The important thing is that we will hit an Israeli plane or an Israeli soldier, and we will hit Israeli targets...we are more capable than Israel of bearing losses," he said.

On Mr. Philip Habib's mission to defuse the missile crisis. President Assad said, that Mr. Habib "did not present anything but Israeli proposals and demands. We naturally rejected this completely."

Mr. Assad said there were no Soviet advisers with Syrian troops in Lebanon, but if Israel attacked Syria with U.S. backing it would find the Soviet Union and other communist countries on Syria's side.

He said the possibility of an Israeli attack on Syria or Lebanon still existed, and would open the door to a large-scale hostilities in the area.'

Beirut carries on with business



Ravaged downtown Beirut where business is still going

BEIRUT, June 30 (R) - The latest round of bloodshed in Lebanon has dealt a new blow to its already teetering economy and undermined slowly-recovering business confidence, banking sou-

Six years of violence and civil war have left this Mediterranean state in tatters and forced Beirut to abdicate its position as the banking capital of the Middle East.

But the Lebanese, riding on an instinct for commerce which dates back to the ancient Phoenicians. have continued to do business amidst the sandbags and military checkpoints and the state is still pressing ahead with reconstruction plans.

The fighting which erupted round the eastern town of Zahle at the beginning of April and quickly spread to Beirut and the central Lebanese highlands was the worst 'since the 1975-76 civil war, according to military experts.

At least 800 people have died in the factional fighting and in a string of Israeli strikes against the south over the past 13' weeks which dashed hopes built up over the preceding two years of a steady, if gradual, improvement in the political climate.

The unrest has damaged the country's ambitious plans to reestablish itself as a banking and

business centre for the region and several firms have postponed or cancelled investment decisions.

All-our fighting in 1975 and 1976 killed about 60,000 people, wrecked the country's industrial plant, laid waste Beirut's thriving commercial centre, and drove thousands of professionals and skilled workers out of Lebanon.

But none of the political, religious and social problems which led to the war were solved and in its aftermath new problems were added.

Lebanese regular forces are still outgunned and outmanned by private militias and Palestinian commandos and dwindling govemment authority has led to the proliferation of protection and smuggling rackets.

The right-wing Falangist Party. which controls Christian east Beirut and part of north Lebanon, has adopted the most systematic approach, establishing its own port authority to collect revenue from the string of illegal ports it operates along the coast.

Both Muslim and Christian busmessmen use the illegal harbours. "taxes" from which go to finance the militias, because they find them quicker and less expensive to trade through than the state-run ports of Beirut, Tripoli and Sidon. The government relies on cus-

toms receipts for much of its income and the sprouting of illegal harbours has led to a worrying fall

Customs revenue last year stagnated at \$159 million compared with \$158 million in 1979 and was 14.6 per cent below official projections.

The closure by snipers of the main crossing points between east and west Beirut has also affected business, preventing employees who live on the Christian east side from going to work in the banks and shops of the predominantly Muslim western sector for weeks at a time.

Banking sources say the economy is being kept affoat by money from abroad, sent either by Arab governments to finance rival militias or by Lebanese expatriates working in the Gulf to their families.

The sources estimate these funds at \$100 to \$150 million a month, which enabled Lebanon to record a 1980 balance of payments surplus of \$700 million. despite a regular deficit on the balance of trade.

And despite losing its lustre as a financial centre. Beirut's banks are bringing in more business than ever, in marked contrast to other sectors of the business community.

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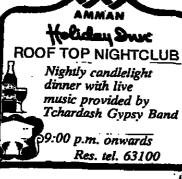






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EGONOMY

EEC to talk to Japan collectively Kuwaitis plan to

LUXEMBOURG, June 30 (R) - Leaders of the 10 European Common Market countries have agreed to discuss trade questions with Japan on a communi; basis, instead of working out bilateral arrangements, EEC sources said today.

At the EEC summit here, the British Prime Minister, Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, proposed that dealings with Japan be handled collectively, and won agreement of the other heads of government and heads of state at a meeting last night, the sources said.

Trade with Japan is a sensitive issue for European countries concerned about rising unemployment and Japan's growing trade surplus with the Common Market.

It is expected to be a key topic at the seven-nation summit in Ottawa on July 20 and 21, when Japan and the United States will meet leaders of four European countries and Canada.

Last month the Reagan administration won Japanese agreement to restrain car exports to the U.S. for three years. Later the West Germans worked out a similar accord, and then Belgium. Luxembourg and the Netherlands negotiated a restraint agreement.

Italy, France and Britain already had formal or informal curbs on Japanese car imports and the other European nations recame concerned they would become the dumping ground for cars excluded by the agreements. Last week the EEC foreign ministers called on Japan to import more European manufactured goods to improve trade relations with the EEC.

EEC sources said the ministers agreed that urgent measures were needed to curb the EEC trade deficit with Japan, which reached \$11 billion in 1980 and rose 46 per cent in the first four months of this

Earlier this month Japanese Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki told the EEC governments that Japan was eager to develop closer links with His remarks were greeted as a positive sign by EEC officials, but

the community is still seeking clear evidence of export restraint in the key trade sectors, cars, colour television and electronics, as well as increased Japanese purchases of European goods.

Earlier, EEC leaders also agreed to press ahead quickly with negotiations to reform the Common Market budget by the end of this

The EEC commission has called for a wide-ranging reform of the EEC's costly farm policy and proposed a special mechanism to

spend \$10.7b

KUWAIT. June 30 (R) - The was due to rise only about three Kuwaiti government presented Parliament vesterday with a draft budget projecting a sharp rise in oil revenues but little increase in state spending, the Kuwait News

Agency said. The budget for the year starting July 1 estimated total government revenue, almost all of it from crude oil sales, at 5.3 billion dinars (\$18.8 billion), an increase of about 14 per cent over the 1980-81 figure of 4.6 billion dinars (\$17.4 billion).

But government expenditure

aster year of 1979, when "people just got bored with the music,"

What has changed since then?

"Not much," he concedes. There

is still plenty of mediocre product.

but at least this gives the record

company the chance to man-

ipulate the market more in favour

of one type of music or another. In

a sense, a vacum of real talent is an

opportunity for the businessmen.

only hope to control about 10 per

cent of your destiny if you are

lucky, that bit of control is wel-

come," is Mr. Siner's view of this

In a business where you can

says Mr. Siner.

state of affairs.

per cent to three billion dinars (\$10.7 billion) from 2.9 billion dinars (\$10.5 billion) last year.

The surplus was destined for state reserves. These would be increased by 2.2 billion dinars (\$7.8 billion) this year, 30 percent more than last year's 1.7 billion dinars (\$6.2 billion).

The draft budget estimated that oil revenues in 1981-81 would total 5.1 billion dinars (\$18.1 billion) 13 per cent more than the 4.5 billion dinars (\$16.2 billion) estimated for last year.

Others feel that in becoming more business-like, the record

industry chiefs risk losing the fre-

shness and enthusiasm necessary

to spot the kind of new talent

which could recreate the glory

When Mr. Siner heard that a

collection of old Ronald Reagan

stump speeches had been une-

arthed, he promptly packaged

them as "Freedom's Finest Hour"

and put it out. "We couldn't find a

FINANCIAL TIMES NEWS

FEATURES

single on it though," he sighs.

days of the 1960s.

RATES

LONDON EXCHANGE

LONDON, June 30 (R) — Following are the buying and selling t for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the class trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets to

One sterling 1.9280/95 One U.S. dollar

1.2000/03 2,3930/40 2.6670/6700 2.0430/50 5.7075/25 39,24/27 1190.50/1191.50 226,70/90

Canadian dollar West German mark Dutch guilders Swiss francs French francs Belgian francs Italian lire

U.S. dollar

Japanese yen Swedish crowns 5.0870/80 6.0200/20 7.5170/95 Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

LONDON, June 30 (R) - Gold mining shares recovered after lower opening as cheap buying developed following the recolosses, dealers said. The FT index was up 9.5 at 544.4 at 150

LONDON STOCK MARKE

FS Geduld, Amgold, Harties, P Brand, St. Helena and V Reefs were 100 or 125 cents firmer after opening losses of up 100 cents though West Dries slipped 50 cents to 6000 cents, if

Leading equities were mixed while U.S. and Canadian issa tended lower in light trading.

The banking sector attracted speculative demand but was the top at the close, dealers said. Barclays and Nat West added apiece, after earlier gains of 10p, while Lloyds rose 12p to 40

Among industrials, Allied Breweries, Glazo, Beecham, Ha ker Siddeley and Tubes rose a penny or two while P and Imperial Group and BP were a touch lower. GEC was unchang

at 730p after an earlier 5p gain. Government bonds closed little changed after prices had i ctuated narrowly throughout the day, dealers added.

Ups and downs in the music trade

Bob Siner is a far cry from the cocainesniffing record moguls of the 1970s. He is more interested in the bottom line than glamour, and gets his kicks from profits, writes Ian Hargreaves, recently in Los Angeles.

Face Dances the latest record album from the British rock band The Who, has just officially "turned gold" in America, notching up half a million sales.

But Mr. Bob Siner, the young president of MCA Records which last year agreed to part company with The Who because they wanted too much from a renegotiated contract for the album, is still not sweating.

"They would have to sell 1.5. million to break even," he says. Mr. Siner, however, is not about to crow either, for who knows whether 12 year olds are suddenly going to rediscover The Who? You can never tell in this business.

MCA Records is a subsidiary of MCA Inc of California, a major factor in filmed, taped and recorded enteratinment.

The Who is not the only top name which Mr. Siner has signed off since becoming president of the company in 1979. He also lost Elton John, another British star, to Geffen Records and a less well-known but also top-selling rock group, Steely Dan.

"It's kind of a mixed emotion," he says of these rather momentous decisions, "because I love The Who. But it is my job to ensure that we make money."

So far, no one is criticising Mr. latter score. MCA's records and music publishing interests lost \$9.6 million in the year he took over, but recovered to a \$15.6 million profit last year on

sales of about \$185 million.

He is confident that the improvement will continue this year, even though the industry is still dizzy from the unprecedented drop in sales which began in 1979 after five years of 20 per cent a year growth.

Last year, total record shipments in the U.S. amounted to 649 million units -- including prerecorded cassettes and tapes down 5 per cent from 1979. Thedecline was greatest in single releases, which suffered from the demise of the disco music fad, but even in LPs a 4.5 per cent increase in unit sales to 492 million units generated a sales increase of only 3.3 per cent in dollars, a decline in real terms, according to figures from the Recording Industry Association of America.

"We have had two horrible years," says Mr. Siner, a comment appropriate both to the state of the industry and the fact that he has cut MCA's number of major labels from three to one and employment from over 700 to a lean

A relaxed, short, bearded man in his mid-30s, he has thus established something of a reputation as first among a new breed of Sunset Boulevard record moguls, more concerned with the bot-

tom line than with glamour. an act of irreverence which might motions.

be equalled if Boeing were not to show up at the Paris Air Show. "Everyone who drives up and down Sunset gets his records for free anyway," he sneers.

The differences in Mr. Siner's approach to selling records, however, go deeper than this. He has emphasised the importance of the company's marketing a "full line" of music, rather than emphasising only one or two areas of taste. This may be elementary thinking in most consumer products marketing, but it is a concept which has bypassed many in Hollywood.

He is even interested in creating a kind of milk marketing board of the record industry, to seil people the message that they need music for their health and pleasure, and to educate them how to use it.

'You can still go to dinner with someone and they will spend hours planning the menu and the way the place looks. Then just as you sit down to eat, they put on the Led Zeppelin" - one of the louder sounds in rock music.

On fraud and bootlegging, a major problem which costs the record industry millions of dollars a year, he has also been a leader in trying to persuade radio stations to stop uninterrupted broadcasts of new records at preadvertised times. Not surprisingly, such spots are often sponsored by the manufacturers of blank recording tape, whose sales have tripled to about \$300 million in the last seven vears.

Other aspects of MCA's marketing style under Mr. Siner have been to cut out expensive TV advestising and to initiate deals with As a sign of the new regime, he other consumer product comhas seven cut out MCA's use of panies, such as car and soft drink hoardings on the Boulevard itself, manufacturers, for joint pro-

But the essence of winning in the record game will always be the success of the artists you have on contract. MCA's depleted list still includes Tom Peny, B.B. King. Rossington-Collins Band, Olivia

Newton-John and Roberta Flack. Equally important in Mr. Smer's scheme of things, the list also includes artists like the Oak Ridge Boys, perhaps not a household name, but a gospel turned country group which last year had three gold albums, a rate of pro-ductivity which groups like The Who stopped worrying about 15

The popularity of country music, Mr. Siner says will be more enduring than other recent crazes, such as disco, because it is more deeply rooted in American culture and in tune with a more mellow political and social atmosphere in the nation. A successful country album used to sell 125,000 copies: today, top country albums sell a million with no difficulty and it is an important area for MCA.

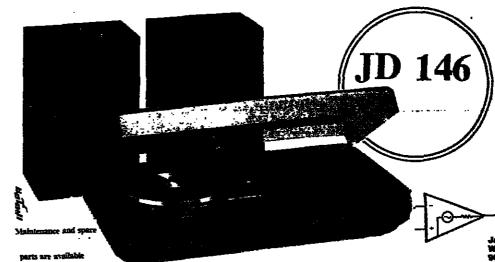
MCA's balance is thus carefully planned between country, rock, black music and mainline pop. A recent survey by Warner Communications, a competitor of MCA, supports Mr. Siner's view that the market is continuing to fragment. Warner found that over a three

year period the most popular type of recorded music, rock, had slightly loosened its hold, from 38 per cent of sales to 37 per cent of sales, country had grown from 14 per cent to 19 per cent, black music was up from 13 per cent to 14 per cent and "easy listen was down from 11 per cent to 7 per cent.

This fading of the rock wave is what lay behind the industry's dis-

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14:30 Andalucia
15:00 Concert Hour
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16:03 Instrumentals
16:30 Old Favourites
17:00 World of Arabian Music
17:30 Pop Session
18:00 News Summary
18:03 Story Time
18:30 Country Music
19:00 News Desk (News Bulletin,
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19:10 News Reports
19:30
20:30 Evening Show
1:00 News Summary

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Evening Show 21:57 **News Headlines** . Sign off

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04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Country Style 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Golden Age of Pop 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Terry Wogan's Album Time 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Letter from London 7:40 Book Choice 07:45 Report on Religion 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 Peebles' Choice 08:30 Brain of Britain 1981 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 America, Europe and the World 10:15 Wimbledon Report 10:30 The Poetry of Europe 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 Listening Post 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Nature Notebook 12:25 The Farmine World 12:45 Sports koundup 13:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Radio Theatre: Men at Arms 14:15 Report on Religion 14:30 The New Swingle Singers 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 15:50 Racing from Ascot 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Wimbledon 81 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News: Listening Post 17:25 One in Ten: Book Choice 17:45 Sports Round-up 18:00 World News: News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Top Twenty 19:00 Outlook: News Summary 19:39 Stock Market Report; Look Ahead 19:45 Theme and Variations 20:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Assignment 21:00 Network UK 21:15 Moment Musical 21:30 Jazz for the Asking 22:00 World News; The

World Today 22:25 Paperback

Choice; Financial News 22:48 Ref-

lections 22:45 Sports Round-up

23:00 World News; Commentary

23:15 One in Ten 23:30 Top Twe-

VOICE OF AMERICA

ments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT	
ARRIVALS:	
7:40 Cairo (EA)	
8:30 Karachi (PIA)	
8:45 Cairo	
8:55 Aqaba	
9:30 Jeddah	
9:40 Kuwait	
9:45 Dubai, Muscat	
9:55 Beirut	
19:00 Dhahran	
10:05 Abu Dhabi	
11:40 Cairo (EA)	
13:90 Bucharest, Larnaca	
(Tarom)	
14:00 Jeddah (SV)	
15:05 Lamaca (CY) 15:35 Kuwait (KAC)	
16:30 Cairo	
16:35 Athens	
17:00 Bangkok	
17:35 Zurich (SR)	
17:35 Zurch (SK)	
17:35 Copenhagen, Athens	
17:55 Cairo	
18:00 London	
18:30 Rome (IA)	
19:10 Cairo (EA) 20:00 Beirut (MEA)	
20:00 minimum Berrit (MEA)	
20:55 London (BA)	
22:40 Cairo (EA)	
Anno Darker	
01:00 Baghdad	

DEPARTURES:

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, lisquestions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "Space and Man." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, backgrounf features, media com-

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EMERGENCIES
DOCTORS:
Zarqa:Abdolkhareem Al Khashashinah83022
Irbid: Niddal Hadad74540
PHARMACIES:
Annan:
Al Salam 36730 Se cedan 42209 Khalaf (—) Al Mahatah 55453
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. Frankfurt (LH)

.13	Beirut
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Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30

iday Inn, 1:30p.m.

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round, Tel. 23316 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays.

Tel. 37169 Al Maghrira 23715 Al Shahid 21091 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-

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American Centre 41520
British Council

SERVICE CLUBS

Rotary Club. Meetings every Thu-

rsday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Hol-

100 to 150 year old items such as

Jordan Archaeological Museum; Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00

sdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Mus-

lim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century ori-entalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00

a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -

EXCHANGE RATES 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays Tel. Saudi riyal

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PRAYER TIMES

LOCAL

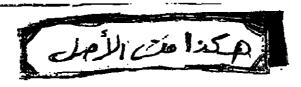
Japanese yen (for every 100) Lebanese pound 76.6/77.6 USEFUL TELEPHONE

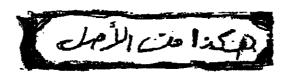
Ambulance (government) 75111
Civil Defence rescue 61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3
Police beadquarters 39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken)
24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
Jordan Television
Radio Jordan 74111

NUMBERS Firstaid, fire, police . Fire beadquarters .. Cablegram or telegram Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls .. Telephone maintenance and repair service

MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 100	60	Grape leaves
Eggplant 160	140	Bananas
Potatoes (imported) 140	100	Apples (African, Japanese
Marrow (small)	80	Apples (American, Chilean, Red) 460
Marrow (large)60	40	Apples (American, Chilean, Green) 430
Cucumber (small)190	140	Angles (Double Death 1997) 150
Cucumber (large) 100	50	Apples (Double Red)
Faggous	60	Apples (Starken)
Peas	300	Melons 130
		Water Melons90
Okra (Green)	300	Plums (Red) 100
Okra (Red) 260	180	Plans (Yellow)
Muloukhiyah70	40	Apricots 260
Hot Green Pepper	300	Cherries
Cabbage 120	80	Lemons
Onions (dry) 90	60	Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) 200
Garlic 440	300	Oranges (Waxed)
Carrots	80	Grapefruit
Potatoes (local) 140	90	Arabaran imminimum intermediatelinisteri in





No progress reported in baseball strike talks

EW YORK, June 30 (A.P.) lawyer for major League on the half players says he thinks club are half players have given up for the seam on settling the 19-day-old stre by players.

. . .

"I believe a significant number towners have written off the rest f the season, general counsel of ... r. ie major League Players Assciation, said yesterday. "If that appens, then the strike will last ver, there is a lot less incentives) settle it over the winter." There way as no immediate response from

le owners. No talks were scheduled today '1 the players' strike, which appared likely to continue through ne fourth of July weekend, tra-Agitionally one of the sport's top ate attractions.

Both sides talked briefly with deral mediator Kenneth Moffett esterday, but no progress at resming negotiations was reported. he talks are stalled over comensation to teams losing free gents in the re-entry draft.

Meanwhile, a federal judge in hiladelphia refused to return to

A STATE $-(A_{i}, A_{i})$

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Made at i≅

Secret E

state court a suit filed by the major League Umpires Association. which seeks to block payment to the owners from a \$50 million strike insurance policy. The insurance provides the owners \$100,000 for every cancelled

U.S. district judge Donald Van Artsdalen last Friday dissolved a temporary injunction won by the umpires in state court and then denied a petition to return the case to the state court's jurisdiction yesterday. Attorney Richie Phillips, representing the umpires. appealed the ruling. Meanwhile, striking major League ball players are finding an assortment of ways to make ends meet, or just keep busy, while America goes without its national pastime.

Today would have been payday for most major leaguers-who get paid on the 15th and end of each month-and the players who make the major League minimum salary of \$32,500 a year will begin to feel the financial pinch. Others have just become bored out of their

"We're feeling the crunch," says Minnesota rookie infielder Chuck Baker. "We're having to watch our money. My wife's still looking for work, and I might have to find something, too."

Like many players, Baker has put himself on hold for the moment, hoping to ride out the strike without looking for work. Many players, bowever, already have are beginning to look just to fill the idle hours.

"I'm running and playing catch," says Angels Pitcher Dave Frost, "but I'm mostly sitting around in limbo. I don't know what to expect anymore, but I do know that I can't keep driving myself crazy by waking up every morning and thinking today is the day (the strike ends).

Royals outfielder Clint Hurdle is one of those already at work parttime, he is a bartender and also doing commercials for a home` improvement company.

Giants pitcher Al Holland was supposed to start a job driving a truck for a San Francisco Peninsula firm today. Cincinnati cat-

ning serves from the defending

By the third set, though, Borg's service was back to its best, and

successive aces in the fifth game

McNamara's well-publicised

battle plan was to attack Borg at

every opportunity. But there are

plenty of theories on how to beat

were murderously struck.

cher Joe Nolan is working at his own construction firm, and Milwaukee infielder Jim Gantner is doing his apprenticeship as a plumber.

Jack Morris of the Detroit Tigers has taken up logging in Minnesota, and Mike Sadek and Dave Bergman of the Giants are working in the San Jose, California, roofing business of former teafound parttime work, and others mmate Don Carrithers. Minnesota first baseman Ron Jackson, who won a \$20,000 arbitration ruling, has gone home to Bir-mingham, Alabama, to lay bricks for his father's company. Los Angeles rookie pitcher Dave Stewart had been earning \$75 a day at the Smith Fastener Co., a hardware firm, in Bell, California.

Bob Watson of the Yankees and Vilt Wilcox of the Tigers both have their own businesses. Watson sells boots and Wilcox peddles

Doug Flynn of the New York Mets, who has performed before at a Manhattan country-western bar named Cody's, went on a four-day singing tour with the Oak Ridge Boys.

The first Australian to lead the Tour de France

SAINT LARY, France, June 30 (R) — Philip Anderson became the first Australian to wear the Tour de France race leader's yellow jersey today as the first mountain stage overturned the early race

But tour favourite Bernard Hinault of France, bidding for a third victory in four years, was poised in second spot just 17 seconds behind the 23-year-old London-born rider who now lives in Bel-

Today's 117.5 km sixth stage run into the Pyrenee mountains was won in 3 hours 32 minutes 32 seconds by ace Belgian climber Lucien Van Impe, a 34-year-old veteran riding in his 12th tour. He won the

Anderson was second just clear of Hinault and both riders were credited with the some time of 3:32:59.

Dutchman Gerrie Knetemann, who had led the tour from the first

day, was dropped early in the stage as Hinault applied the pressure in the tour's first major climb up the 1,563 metre Peyresourde pass. Anderson was ninth at the start of today's stage one second behind Knetemann, while Hinault was only 14th.

The two men have opened a big gap at the top of the placings with third-placed Jostein Willmann of Norway over three minutes adrift. Anderson arrived in Europe three years ago after a distinguished

amateur career and turned professional only last year. He won the Tour de l'Aude, the last warm-up stage race before the tour, a few weeks ago.

His success may cause some problems for his Peugeot team, which is in theory led by Hinault's bitter French rival Jean-Rene Ber-

Hinault should close the gap on Anderson in tomorrow's seventh stage, a 26.7 km individual time trial over a hilly run to Pau in the

Pyrenean foothills, and may even take the lead.

Peanuts









Borg on target while Connors struggles

champion.

ONDON, June 30 (R) - Titleolder Bjorn Borg of Sweden lade it 40 singles wins in a row at the Wimbledon tennis bampionships--he last lost in 975-with a 7-6, 6-2, 6-3 quaerfinal victory over Australian eter McNamara today.

And while he was winning on umber one court, third-seeded merican Jimmy Connors, Borg's rojected semifinal opponent, was

An established British Manufacturer of CVTs, Stabilisers Cut Outs

Mr R Koffler, Gelatrek International, Scotland Street, Llanrest nr Colwyn Bay, Gwynedd LL26 0AL, North Wales, Great Brital

TODAY.....TODAY

RAINBOW

PRESENTS

THE IN-LAWS

Starring: PETER FALK, ALAN ARKIN

GOREN BRIDGE

Filters and Uninterruptable Power Supplies wishes to nego local assembly licenses in Jorden, Excellent support and research is provided. Knock down Initially if required. New designs attractively finished.

Telesc Ron Koffler director Ttx no 617114 A/B Galehu Britain

CINEMA

struggling to stay in the tou-mament after losing the first two sets of his quarterfinal to India's

Vijay Amritraj. In the end it was an emphatically achieved success by Borg, but his performance was not without its blemishes. Midway through the first set his serving lost its incisiveness and McNamara was a little unlucky that at 5-4 and

Borg which in practice suddenly 30-30 he was denied by two winbecome threadbare. To attack Borg, an opponent must first find a way to the net past WE HAVE THE TECHNOLOGY! his raking ground strokes, and DO YOU HAVE THE FACTORY? McNamara searched in vain for

such a way. To stay in the match, McNamara badly needed to win the first set tie-breaker. But he started with a double fault and fell behind 4-0 and then 6-1. The Australian 12th seed saved one set point when Borg mishit a foreband, but then conceded the set when he volleyed weakly into the net.

From now on Borg was in control. He broke in the fourth game of the second set with a minutelyplaced backhand pass and wrapped up the set with a break in the eighth game after McNamara led

In the third set Borg broke to lead 4-2, but had to resist one final counter-attack from the Australian when he served for the match at 5-3. McNamara had three points to retrieve the break, but squandered them all. He twice overhit forehands and then bowed out of the match with another forehand error.

In contrast to Borg, Coanors went two sets down before he overpowered Amritraj. Connors was always likely to have to struggle. Before today he had lost four times to Amritraj in nine meetings and the Indian has a forceful serve-and-volley game that is ideally suited to grass.

Botham and Gowers in century form

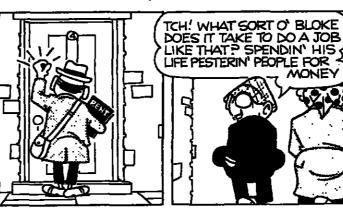
LONDON, June 30 (R) - Ian Botham and David Gowers, who play for England against Australia in the second test at Lord's starting on Thursday, were in century form for their counties yesterday. Botham, the England captain, came storming back to form with 123, not out for Somerset against Glamorgan, his first three-figure score of the season. Gowers hammered 156 not out for Leicestershire against Essex. Botmam, at the wicket for 137 minutes, clouted three sixes, one of which landed the ball on the main road outside the Swansea ground, and 18 hours. Somerset Declared at 303 for nine, Somerset were 65 for one at the close. Gowers' score was his highest for Leicestershire and he and acting captain Chris Balderstone, who hit 127 not out, joined in an unfinished partnership of 289 which broke the 20-year-old county record for the second wicket. Gower, the dominant partner in the stand, hit 20 boundaries. Balderstone made a challenging declaration at 319 for one.

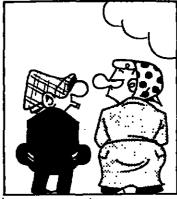
THE BETTER HALF By Vinson

"Fully dressed and bringing me breakfast in bed, eh? It would've worked if I hadn't been awake and sitting by the door."

JUMBLE THAT SCRAME ED WORD GAME by Henri Arhold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form tour ordinary words. ZEROF IRRAB TOARRO WHAT HE DID WHEN HE GOT THE BILL FOR THE RAFTERS USUBED Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. (Answers Monday) Jumbles: JUICY SCARF FORAGE WISDOM Yesterday's Answer: Will this drink put hair on?-A "S-WIG"

Andy Capp







Mutt 'n' Jeff





FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1981

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The morning is fine for continuing with whatever plan of action you put in effect yesterday. You are also able to extend your activities beyond present boundaries.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) The morning is the best time to engage in activities that will increase your income. Handle social affairs with ease later in the day.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) First take time to handle home affairs, then talk with associates and come to a better understanding. Relax at home tonight.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Study business reports carefully early in the day. Later discuss the future with associates. Obtain important data you need. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Strive to be

more successful in your line of endeavor. Keep busy attending to practical manners. Be alert. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Improve your appearance at

the start of the day and make the right preparations for the social events you want to attend. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) The morning is best for

planning how to make your life better in the future. Be sure to spend only within your means. L1BRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Contact influential persons who can assist you in getting ahead in life. Be more

positive in going after personal aims. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Handle career matters early in the day, then go after personal goals. A good

friend can be most helpful to you now. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You have good

ideas early in the day which should be put in operation without delay. Take it easy tonight. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Carry through with

whatever promises you have made to others and derive many benefits therefrom. Be more cheerful. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Come to a better meeting of the minds with associates before attending to

routine tasks. Make plans for the future. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Attend to work facing you early in the day so you will have time to make plans for

bigger projects later. Be practical. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will want to make a pattern of living that will lead to a big success. Teach your progeny not to be hasty to criticize others unless it is done constructively. A fine sport in this

chart. Also, a good religious person. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword by David A. Scully

52 G. Stein 20 Electrical 31 Tennis 1 Stout pole 23 — Over (studied) 54 Baking 32 Brave one

place

56 Organic

compound 57 Plant

DOWN

1 Cicatrix

Somewhat,

58 Helper:

59 Fewer

60 SHps

55 Temptress

24 Sun hat

26 Greek letter

27 Branch

28 Biblical

town rich

in gold

29 Bay window

30 Puppets 32 "Lorna -- "

35 Boxes

44 Spanish

money 45 Site of

5 —beche 9 "— as you and [" 13 Релту ог Lake 14 Religious

33 For

34 Depend 35 Future

Silvers

character

43 Bone: comb.

44 Frost item 45 Civil

48 Basebail

40 Milanese

42 Pitches

36 Comedian image 15 Irregular 37 Linkletter 16 Four — 17 Teddy and Eleanor 38 Exultant 39 "Tempes!

19 Tennis' Ken 21 Laves 22 Home or

23 — Alto 24 Until now 27 Tropical

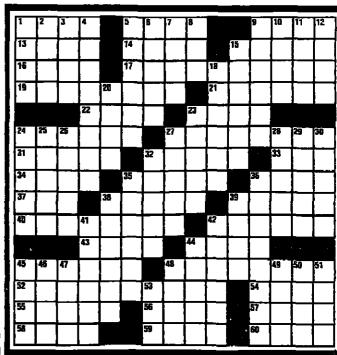
Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

36 Showy perennial 38 Detroit 3 Ed. Leon or Nancy Clooney 5 Intem "Just --doch-an-School in Toulon Orleans is Means to its capital

8 Printer's princely family 12 Loch —

famous leaner 46 Medical suffix 47 — Porsena

48 Yearn 49 Finished 15 More 50 Gazer 53 Lamprey



@1981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. Inc.

♦ Q 107 **♦**AJ2 The bidding: South West North

Dbie. Pass 3 🕈 3 4 Pass 4 4 Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Ten of ♡... Half a loaf might be better

than none at all, but being

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

© 1981 by Chicago Tribuna

Neither vulnerable. East

EAST

+ A 9

496

♥KQJ95

♦ K832

NORTH

♦ J72

♥8643

SOUTH

VA2

◆ EQ843 · _

+ KQ105

♦AJ

deals.

4 1065

♥ **107**

◊9654

48743

half right at the bridge table is usually no better than being-completely off the track. South considered his hand too strong for a simple overcall of one spade, so he started with a takeout double. He intended bidding his spades over any minor suit response from his partner. When North jumped in clubs,

South followed through by

pidding three spades, and a

sound game was reached.

of the suit, and declarer was

If he ruffed low, West would overruff; if he ruffed high, West's ten would bepromoted to a trick. Since declarer still had to lose a

West led the ten of hearts and, since it might have been a singleton, declarer won the ace. The opening bid marked East with virtually every high card, so declarer entered dummy with a club to the ten and led a low trump. East played low and declarer's queen won. Declarer continued with a spade to the jack and ace. East cashed the king of hearts and led a third round

diamond, he ended up down

Declarer was on the right track when he crossed to dummy to lead the first trump toward his hand. Unfortunately, he didn't follow his plan through to the end. When the queen of spades wins, declarer should reenter dummy with the ace of diamonds and lead another

low spade toward his hand! Note the difference that' makes. East wins the ace of trumps and again continues with two rounds of hearts. But now declarer can ruff high-the jack of spades is still in dummy to draw West's ten. Declarer will lose a trick in each suit except clubs, and the contract sails

WORLD

LUXEMBOURG, June 30 (A.P.) — The Common

Market today officially launched an Afghanistan

peace initiative, calling it a "fresh attempt to open

the way to a political solution to the problem."

In a declaration at the end of a

two-day summit meeting, the 10

Common Market heads of gov-

ernment proposed a multi-

national peace conference to be

convened in October and Nov-

ember and said it would try to

negotiate Soviet withdrawal from

Afghanistan and "enable Afg-

hanistan to return to its traditional

independent and non-aligned sta-

"It is convinced that this pro-

pasal offers a constructive way

forward and therefore calls on the

international community to support it fully with the aim of red-

ucing international tension and

ending human suffering in Afg-

hanistan," the summit council

Senior Common Market dip-

lomats said British Foreign Sec-

retary Lord Carrington would

meet with Soviet leaders in Mos-

cow on Monday to try to win their

support for the peace conference.

uation in Afghanistan remains an

important cause of international

tension, Soviet troops remain in

Afghanistan and the suffering of

the Afghan people continue to

"The European Council considers that the time has come for a

fresh attempt to open the way to a

political solution to the problem of

The declaration called for a

Afghanistan," it said.

The declaration said, "The sit-

irman Mao 'Tse-tung today, proclaiming for the first time in a historic document that Mao personally purged the man who now is China's paramount leader --Deng Xiaoping.

The manifesto on Mao and the party was delivered the day after the party announced it had ousted Mao's chosen successor -- Hua Guofeng - as chairman and re-laced him with Hu Yaobang, a pragmatic ally of Vice-Chairman Deng. The 35,000-word manifesto also said Hua slavishly car-

ried out Mao's erroneous ideas

and obstructed modernisation. The release of the party document and the changes in the leadership effectively end the Maoist era of political strife in China. It sounds the death knell for radical politics and confirms the moderate leadership of Deng as the party prepares to celebrate its

60th anniversary tomorrow. The long-awaited assessment of Mao was ferociously debated and his theory and practice were Mar-

laration said.

two-stage process, first a con-

ference to bring about the ces-

sation of external intervention and

safeguards to prevent it from hap-

pening again.

The second stage, after Soviet withdrawal took place, would be 'designed to assure A ghanistan's future as an independent and non-aligned state," the dec-

The participants in the first stage would be the permanent members of the United Nations Security Council, Britain, France, China, the United States and the Soviet Union. Also invited were Pakistan, Iran, India, representatives of the U.N. secretarygeneral and the Organisation of

Íslamic Conference. "Stage two would be attended by the participants in stage one together with representatives of the Afghan people," the dec-

laration said. British officials, who would be responsible for guiding the ini-tiative said some of the provisions

were purposely left vague. Still to be proposed is a chairman foir the conference, a site and a clear definition of would be regarded as "representatives of the Afghan people."

Afghan rebels unite

As the Common Market mem-

Deng Xiaoping scores second victory

an early draft reportedly thr-

eatened to divide the party and delayed the opening of the historic

Central Committee meeting, ori-

ginally scheduled to start last fall.

The document says the "cat-astrophic" 1966-76 "Cultural

Revolution" "was initiated and

led by Comrade Mao Tse-tung."

Mao was not an aloof initiator but

an active blunderer, it said, and

that he refused to accept "sys-

tematic correction" from Deng of

the mistakes he made during in the

Cultural Revolution. It said Mao

then "triggered the movement to

criticise Deng ... once again plu-

In 1976, Mao "dismissed Com-

The document depicts Mao, the

rade Deng Xiaoping from all his

posts inside and outside the

founder of modern China, as hav-

divorced from the masses. It says he committed mistakes after 1957

in the "great leap forward" eco-

nomic programme and never

emphasised the importance of

The document also says Mao

"imagined" in his later years that

ing become smug, arrogant and

party.

class struggie.

nging the nation into turmoil."

bers were discussing in Luxembourg, reports reaching New Delhi said anti-Marxist insurgents from different parts of Afghanistan have set aside traditional differences and united in the bat-

EEC hopes for political solution as

battle rages on in Afghanistan

tle against Soviet troops. Although Afghan rebel groups are known more for their feuds than their cooperation, insurgent bands from Bamyan, 120 kilometres west of Kabul, and Panisher, 100 kilometres to the northeast, have joined the week-long fighting in Paghman, said the renort from a source who has been

accurate in the past.

The battle for Paghman, 26 kilometres east of Kabul, has raged for seven straight days, with heavy but unspecified casualties on both sides, said the report, quoting tra-vellers reaching Kabul. Western

orted heavy fighting recently at

Also, the prominent Sazman Azadibaksh Millate Afghanistan (SAMA) rebel group has been aiding other bands of insurgents in

the Kabul area, the report said. SAMA, or organisation for winning freedom for Afghanistan, was said to be responsible for the spectacular raid June 9 on the strategic Bagram air base 80 kilometres north of Kabul. The attack disrupted operations at Bagram, the main Soviet base in Afghanistan, for two days.

The guerrilla group reportedly attacked the air base to mark the anniversary of the execution of its leader, Abdul Majid Kalakani, the legendary "Robin Hood" of cen-tral Afghanistan, one year earlier.

Brezhnev warns Brandt against NATO buildup-

MOSCOW, June 30 (R) - Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev told former West German Chancellor Willy Brandt today a North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) arms build-up would not give the West military superiority but only aggravate an already d

ficult international situation. Mr. Brezhnev's warning, reported by TASS news agency, was made during nearly three hours of talks in the arms issues and prospects for curbing medium-range nuclear missiles in Europe.

xist and essential for China.

"Herein lies his tragedy," it

The assessment of Mao and the

party says in conclusion, however,

that Mao's early contributions to

the Chinese revolution and the

early years of the republic were

primary -- his mistakes were only

secondary. It affirmed that he

beloved great leader and tea-

cher." Mao's philosophy, which

he himself betrayed in his later

years, would continue to be

China's guiding ideology, the doc-

ument said. The dramatic ass-

essment, which went through sev-

eral drafts, at on point threatened

to split the party between the con-

servative followers of Mao and the

pragmatic supporters of Vice-

The document represents a

clear victory for Deng, one of

Mao's most prominent victims,

who argued early on for an open

assessment of the late "Great

Helmsman," as Mao was known.

The document on Mao and the

leadership changes announced

yesterday confirm Deng as the

most important politician in

Chairman Deng Xiaoping.

NATO would refrain completely from deploying new Cruise and Pershing II missiles due to be stationed in Europe from 1983 onw-

could not say if the idea was for Moscow to remove all of them. mut Schmidt was quoted in an int-

chancellor and Mr. Brandt. The TASS report on today's talks implied that although Mr. Brezhnev and Mr. Brandt agreed such problems must be settled at the negotiating table, they did not

A spokesman for Bonn's ruling Social Democratic Party (SPD), of which Mr. Brandt is chairman, said the ex-chancellor urged fresh talks between Moscow and Washington on Euro-strategic arms and pointed to U.S. pledges to start negotiations by the end of the

Taking a potentially controversial line, Mr. Brandt said the goal should be the so-called "Zero Option" -- under which the

The SPD spokesman said this solution, which U.S. and other Western officials regard as at best a theoretical ideal, would involve cutbacks in the existing Soviet armoury of SS-20 missiles. But he

West German Chancellor Heierview today as saying the Zero Option was a "theoretical ideal solution," but the SPD spokesman insisted under questioning there were no differences between the

narrow the gap between Soviet and Western thinking.

Prince Charles to be appointed governor-general in Australia?

LONDON. June 30 (A.P.) - Prince Chalres is likely to be appointed governor-general of Australia in the near future despite Buckingham Palace denials, a new book claims.

Anthony Holden, who wrote a well informed and widely praised biography of the prince two years ago, confidently makes the claim in "Their Royal Highneses", published this week to mark Prince Charles' marriage with Lady Diana Spencer on July 29.

The book also asserts that Lady Diana was "in the later stage of her romance with Charles, subjected to a discrete gynaecological check-up, to ensure that she could bear him heirs."

There has been speculations for years that Prince Charles, who in 1966 spent a happy year at Geelong School's outdoors-oriented timbertop post near Melbourne, might welcome the Australian ass-The subject was discussed in April on the prince's latest visit to

Australia, despite a poll at the time in the Sydney Sun Herald which said 51 per cent were against Prince Charles becoming governor-"It is nevertheless believed in London that the vast majority of Australians do not look on Prince Charles as 'a bloody pom' - a pom,

perhaps, but an extremely popular and respected one." Mr. Holden Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser's scenario has him winning reelection in 1983 and the prince taking over "almost immediately" as

the present governor-general, Sir Zelman Cowen, retires, according to the author. "Once the wrinkles are ironed out, therefore, the royal family feels confident that the appointment would be a popular one, that it would give the Prince of Wales invaluable experience in the role of a

constitutional quasi-monarch, and that he and Diana would anyway relish - and deserve - a break from the ardours of their British **Soviet-Polish joint**

military exercises. extend to northwest

WARSAW. June 30 (A.P.) -Polish Television showed war games by Soviet and Polish troops as the Red Army expanded its manoevres to northwest Poland, two weeks before the Polish Communist Party convenes to vote on democratic reforms.

"These are typical exercises, such as one would find under real battle conditions," a Polish soldier in the northwest province of Pomerania told an interview in the broadcast. "There is no friction."

The telecast was the first of the

Soviet military exercises in Poland since the Polish news agency PAP reported joint training operations by the two armies in southwest Poland last Thursday. The armies were manoeuvring

during the final days of nationwide voting, in a process unprecedented for the Soviet bloc, to choose the 2,000 delegates to the party congress who will meet July 14 to elect new leaders, ratify the reforms already put in force by the

ure course. It is unknown how many conservative communists will be delegates, but PAP has said 80 per cent of the delegates have never held party positions and many belong to the independence lab-

our federation Solidarity.

The Soviet Union and its Warsaw Pact allies held similar military exercises in Czechoslovakia and advaced to Prague to replace the communist government in 1968 before a Communist Party congress that was expected to back reforms

Soviet leaders have rebuked Polish Communist Party chief Stanislaw Kania for continuing to give in to the demands for liberal reforms from the independent labour movement and the party rank and file.

The Soviets have also complained because unrestricted nominations of delegates for the party congress were permitted, and in the secret balloting that followed many party veterans were rej-

In other developments, Soviet Television carried an interview with a Polish railroad engineer who said the Polish Communist Party must end the political crisis quickly to prove itself a genuine

ruling organ. The worker, a delegate to the congress, also told the Soviet interviewers that Poland's economic difficulties were the fault of antisocialists.

ponsibility for the consequences." . Round-the-world fliers await clearance

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Mrs. Thatcher meets Mitterrand

LUXEMBOURG. June 30 (A.P.) - French President François

Mitterrand and British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher met for

an bour today - twice as long as scheduled - in their first bilaters

talks since Mr. Mitterrand became president, officials said. "h

was a very useful, friendly meeting, which ranged very widely indeed," a British spokesman said. Officials from the two gov.

ernments said the talks covered European economic affairs

East-West relations and the Middle East on the day of Israeli

elections. A French spokesman also said the two leaders also

discussed defence matters over coffee this morning at the French

ambassador's residence during a pause in the two-day Common

Market summit. The lengthy talks delayed resumption of the summit's final session. Spokesman from both sides emphasised the meeting was friendly despite differences on economic and

social policy -- a contrast to the often stormy relations between

Mrs. Thatcher and former French President Valery Giscare

Civil strike causes worst day for U.K. air-

LONDON, June 30 (A.P.) --- State-owned British Airways can

celled more than 50 European and domestic flights today at

striking air traffic controllers staged walkouts at five airports and

air control centres, Officials said airlines could face more than 14

hours of disruptions, which would be one of the worst days for

Britain's airports since the civil servants' selective strike campaign

began 16 weeks ago. The action followed union rejection ves

terday of government plans to set up an independent inquiry into

the pay scales of Britain's 530,000 civil servants. The unions are

seeking a 15 per cent pay increase and the government has offered

five per cent. Current salaries range broadly from £4,500 pounds

for junior clerks to £33,000 pounds for secretaries of ministries

Police station attacked in Kampala

KAMPALA, June 30 (R) — Anti-government guerrillas an

acked a police station south of the Ugandan capital at the wee-

kend and freed 90 prisoners from the cells, informed sources sain

today. The guerrillas drove to the police station at Kalunga, 60

kilometres south of Kampala on Sunday night disguised as pol-

icemen. One policeman was injured in a half-hour gun battle

Several guerrilla groups are opposing President Milton Obote's

six-month-old government. Their activity is expected to increase

after the withdrawal of a 10,000-man Tanzanian expeditionary

Pretoria clamps down on student leader

JOHANNESBURG, June 30 (R) - The South African gov

emment has served a five-year banning order on white studen

leader Andrew Boraine who was released from a month's det-

ention yesterday, police said today. The order was served after to

was met outside Pretoria Central Prison by his father, opposition

Progressive Federal Party Member of Parliament Alex Boraine,

and flown to their home in Cape Town by military aircraft. Under

the banning order the president of the white National Union of

South African Students (NUSAS) is restricted to his magisterial

district, banned from entering factories or black areas, and for-

ever, be permitted to complete his studies at Cape Town Uni-

versity. His father said last night: "Bannings and detentions wit-

hout trial are vicious, and those politicians who have conspired to

inflict this upon so many South Africans must accept full res-

force is completed this month.

ports

LIVERPOOL, June 30 (A.P.) — Two Americans attempting to recreate a 1933 round-the-world flight by aviation pioneer Wiley Post, left here today on the third leg, confident Soviet authorities would permit them to fly over Siberia. "New clearances are being negotiated with the Soviet Union and we feel reasonably certain that everything is on," Pilot Calvin Pitts told the Associated Press. Pitts, 47, was speaking in a telephone interview shortly before he and co-pilot Jerry Kuzia, 32, were due to take off from here on 31/2-hour flight to Frankfurt, in their single-engine Bonanza Beechcraft. The aircraft is dubbed the "Spirit of Winnie Mae" after the original "Winnie Mae" in which Post became the first person to fly around the world in a single-engine aircraft. Pitts and Kuzia arrived here last Thursday after crossing the Atlantic from St. John's Newfoundland. They began the flight two days previously from Manchester, New Hampshire. But they were delayed in Liverpool by radio problems and uncertainty over whether Moscow would allow them to overfly Siberia. Pitts said the aircraft owners and pilots association in the United States and the U.S. State Department were negotiating with the Soviet authorities. "We heard from the association that clearance problems were

Eight former S.S. guards sentenced in Germany's 6-year war crimes trial

crimes trial.

DUESSELDORF, June 30 (Agencies) - A judge today passed a life prison sentence on one of nine former Nazi S.S. guards at the end of West Germany's longest war

The defendants, who went on

trial in November 1975, were acc-Judge Guenter Bogen gave the

and set prison terms ranging from 12 years to three years on seven others at the Maidanek trial. The ninth defendant was acquitted.

used of murder or complicity in the murder of some of 250,000 people who died at Maidanek in World War Two. Ryan, nicknamed "The Mare" by Former Maidanek inmates for the brutal kicks she gave with her

der of at least 1,181 prisoners and complicity in the murder of 705 She married an American after

boots, was charged with the mur-

the war and was extradited from the United States to stand trial, The other woman defendant, Hildegard Laechert, 61, received the second longest prison term of 12 years. She was known as "Blowas extremely difficult to judge a

ody Brigitta" by the prisoners. Former SS Corporal Dmil Lajrich, 60, whom former inmates named as the "Death Angel," recieved an eight-year sentence for conspiracy to commit murder instead of the life imprisonment req-

Heinrich Groffmann, a former Nazi SS corporal, was acquitted because of insufficient evidence. The other sentences ranged

from three to 12 years in prison. All the sentences, with the exception of Groffmann's were less than those requested by the prosecutors, who had sought life terms for five defendants.

The defendants bowed their

heads and hid their faces from banks of cameramen who were crammed into the little courtroom. Estimates of those killed vary from 250,000 to some 1.5 million

fimann's acquittal.

from the time the camp was built in 1941 until it was taken by the advancing Red Army in 1944.

Majdanek was one of the big-gest camps built by the Nazis for

carrying out their "Final Solution". Gypsies, Ukranians, Poles, Russians and other "undestrables" such as homosexuals and retarded persons went to their deaths there.

German history. He said 340 witnesses had been called to testify, including 215 former prisoners from the Majdanek camp. As the trial proceeded, "more and more witness" came forward to give evidence, the judge said.

Judge Bogen called the case one of the most "detailed" in West

and "a flood of written depositions" for lengthening the pro-The judge said that based upon his experience with this case, it

The judge blamed "inn-

umberable procedural conflicts"

Dacca ships back radio equipment to Soviet Union

crime 35 years after the fact.

DACCA, June 30 (R) - Electronic equipment imported by the Soviet embassy without official permission was flown back to Moscow yesterday, official Bag-

ladeshi sources said today. The equipment, including radio Prosecutors had requested Gro- oansmitters and frequency analysers, was returned in a Soviet Aeroflot airliner, the sources said. adding there were now no "objectionable goods" in Soviet pos-

session here. The foreign ministry statement said a week ago it had protested strongly to Moscow after the equipment was flown in on June 16 and seized by airport customs officers who found it concealed in crates marked "building mat-

caused by the radio delays, and not basic difficulties with the Soviets who have been most cooperative," said Pitts.

Production plans approved for F-18

WASHINGTON, June 30 (R) — The U.S. Defence Department has approved production of the F-18 Hornet after a review which Deputy Defence Secretary Frank Carlucci said found that it met requirements as a fighter plane for the navy. The department released between \$445 to \$450 million in initial production money for the Horner's fighter version which had been held up by the Reagan administration pending the review. About \$1.2 billion has already been spent on the plane, being produced by McDonnell Douglas with Northrop as the biggest subcontractor. The navy wants 1,366 of the planes at an estimated cost of \$25.0

'One-way trip to heaven'

TUCSON, Arizona, June 30 (R) — Members of a religious sect who expected to rise to heaven Sunday found themselves still on earth Monday - wondering whether they should try to buy back their homes. Bill Maupin, founder of the 50-member Lighthouse Gospel Tract Foundation here, had been predicting for the past two years that millions of people would ascend like angels into heaven on June 28 this year. "Cemeteries all over the world will come alive," he had told his followers. "Those saved will go on a one-way trip for six or seven years, and then we will be coming back." Mr. Maupin said some of his followers had sold their homes in preparation for leaving. Others had refused to renew leases on rented homes. A surgeon said his wife had sold her boutique and he had sold his car. A car salesman said he and his wife had sold their home and left their jobs. Mr. Maupin admitted today that he may have made a mistake on the date, "But we know it's going to happen shortly," he insisted.

life term to Hermine Ryan, 61, 'King of France' figures as mastermind and getaway driver in bungled burglary

PARIS, JUNE 30 (A.P.) - The youngest son of the man who would be king of France was sentenced to a

one-year suspended jail sentence The historic verdict, however, liberated Prince Thibault of Orleans, whose 14 months in jail while awaiting trial marked the first time a member of the inner French royal family had been imprisoned since the ill-fated king Louis XVI.

"Before my family, before the justice of my country which my ancestors have served. I am innocent." the 33-year-old prince told a court in southwestern France Saturday night before del-

iberations began. Despite his contentions, the court in the city of Tarbes near the Pyrences Mountains convicted the prince of participating in a failed burglary attempt March 30, 1980, at the home of a wealthy phy-The ruling was the latest mis-

fortune in the life of the handsome

prince, one of 11 children of the

Comte de Paris who is the pre-

tender to the French throne and whose royal line dates back 1,000 years through King Louis Philippe and King Louis XIV. Once a darling of "Tout Paris,"

known for his dashing manners

and exotic trips abroad, the young prince married a commoner. Then came the displeasure of his father, the death of his infant son, an uns-

ucessful business attempt and the failed break-in that led to his arrest and conviction. The case began 15 months ago when two armed men were caught climbing over a wall into the courtyard of the home of Suzanne

Courty, a 63-year-old physician with an extensive art collection. One of the men was Henri Rippert, a known criminal. The other was Jacques Bonnaud, who with the prince operated an art gallery in Paris that was barely making ends meet. Rippert and Bonnaud were tried along with the prince

and sentenced to three-year pri-During their four-day trial, the prosecution contended Prince Thibault was the "Third Man" in the case and its mastermind.

Mrs. Courty told the court the prince knew of her art collection and had been in her home 18 months before the attempted robbery in an effort to persuade her to purchase pre-colombian art from

Sunday for a bungled burglary that They have nothing to convict him has captivated the attention of a nation 133 years after the end of its mon-

> The prosecution also alleged the prince was behind the wheel of an automobile waiting outside Mrs. Courty's home on the night of the aborted burglary. The car roared off before police, tipped off

> by an alarm system, reached the doctor's home. The car was later found about 2 kilometres from Mrs. Courty's home, but its driver eluded police. A month later the prince was arrested.

During his testimony, Prince

Thibault admitted he had been in

the getaway car. He said he had

met his two co-defendants in Ver-

sailles the night before the Tarbes incident and had driven south with them in the car. But the prince testified he got out of the car in Pau, about 25 kilometres from Tarbes, and then hitchhiked to the pilgrimage city of Lourdes where he spent the night on a bench near a cave where

appeared. He could produce no witnesses for his alibi. "It's a scandal," said the prince's Scottish wife, Marion, after the verdict was delivered in Tarbes. "My husband is innocent.

the Virgin Mary is said to to have

on. They only want to justify the 14 months he was spent in pri-

The couple was expected to return to the royal family home in Thoiry, west of Paris, after the prince's liberation. The prince's marriage to the beautiful dark-haired commoner in 1973 had displeased the Comte de Paris, who had wanted his son

to marry royalty. Friends of the

prince said the issue of his mar-

riage came up only three months before the attempted burglary when Prince Thibault wanted to bury his infant son in the family During the trial, Paul de laPanouse, a close friend of the prince, testified he was with Prince

Thibault when he telephoned his

father to tell him of his son's death and make funeral arrangements. "The Comte told him, your children are not royalty. There's no room in the crypt for him'," Panouse told the court. "Thibault then said, 'but, Papa, there's room. You can put him in my tomb. We can huddle together

when I die'." Panouse said the death of Prince Thibault's son and his father's attitude sent the prince into a deep depression in the weeks before the attempted burglary.

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